DEVKARAN NANJEE BANKING COMPANY, LIMITED.
Authorised Capital Rs. 50,00,000
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Head Office:—
Devkaran Nanjee Buildings
Elphinstone Circle, Fort,
BOMBAY.
Branches at Thakurdwar, Sandhurst Bridge and Kalbadevi.
All kinds of Banking Business Transacted.
Wm. D. TENBROECK.
General Manager.

Regd. No. B 1065 Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXVIII NO. 187 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, AUGUST 6, 1940 PRICE: ONE ANNA

INSURE WITH
REPRESENT.
THE JUPITER
GENERAL INSURANCE CO., LTD.
(Estd 1919).
for
LIFE, FIRE, MARINE, MOTOR ACCIDENT & WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION
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Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, 1.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Air 'Blitz-Krieg' For Britain

Gliders To Be Used For Invasion

BUT R. A. F. READY TO WARN IN TIME

Nazis Plan Norway Tactics For Assault Across Channel

LONDON, Aug. 5.

WELL-INFORMED quarters in London believe that an air Blitz-Krieg will be launched against Britain shortly.

Towed Gliders For Invasion

The possibility of a German invasion continues to be a subject of discussion.

It is learned in authoritative circles with regard to stories emanating from the German Propaganda Ministry regarding setting up of long-range guns, there seems to be no doubt that such guns are being erected on the northern coast of France.

It is recalled that the Nazis trained their soldiers for the Norwegian invasion on the eastern part of the German Baltic coast line and the same plan may be adopted for an assault on Britain.

In any case there is every reason to believe that the air force will be able to give due warning when there is an invasion.

It is reported to be the intention of Germans to use towed gliders. This, as the Air Force have proved for themselves, is feasible, but it is thought that these gliders are much more likely to be used for transporting supplies for parachutists than for carrying troops.—Reuter.

Anglo-Polish Military Pact

LONDON, Aug. 5.

Military agreement defining the principles on which the armed forces of Poland would be organised for co-operation with the British forces was signed in London to-day.

It provides for organisation and employment of the Polish forces under British Command. The Polish Government will be assisted in its task by the British Government which has granted necessary credits to finance the maintenance of the Polish forces.

The Polish Air Force will be reorganised and will be treated on th same footing as the personnel of the R. A. F. Polish Air Force units will be employed in the same circumstances as the R. A. F. but when circumstances permit the Polish units will operate together and may be used in support of the Polish army when necessary.

Units of the Polish land forces will form one operational formation under Polish Command. They will be organised from the Polish troops in Britain and in the middle east, supplemented by the mobilisation of the Polish citizens living in Britain and by drafting volunteers from other countries. These forces will be under British Command in its character as Allied High Command.—Reuter.

Makihara Released

LONDON, August 5.

It is understood that the case of Makihara received the careful consideration of the Home Secretary, who reached the conclusion that the evidence available was insufficient to warrant further detention and release was accordingly ordered.—Reuter.

Hopes Of Happy Solution

ARRESTS OF JAPANESE IN BRITISH POSSESSIONS: CHURCHILL TO MAKE STATEMENT

TOKYO, Aug. 5.

A Foreign Office spokesman said that no decision had been reached regarding Japan's attitude towards the arrests by Britain at to-day's Conference of the War, Navy and Foreign Office chiefs.

He added that fuller information was awaited.

Hopes Of Happy Solution

Satoru Makihara, one of the two Japanese businessmen, arrested in London on Friday, was released from the Brixton Prison to-night. He returned to his London home.

Earlier a Japanese Embassy spokesman declared that Lord Halifax's explanation of the London arrests was considered to be unsatisfactory by the Japanese Ambassador. Nevertheless, he added, it was hoped a happy solution would still be found and cordial relations be restored.

Churchill To Make Statement

LONDON, Aug. 4.

Either the Prime Minister or the Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Butler, will make a statement in the House of Commons to-morrow on the position regarding Japan following the arrests of Japanese in British territory.

Despite the tendency of the Japanese press to see in the arrests an act of reprisal for the detention of British subjects in Japan, it is pointed out in London that there is no connection between the two measures

Reuter's diplomatic correspondent learns that the Japanese Ambassador called at the Foreign Office to-day and asked for the release of the two Japanese businessmen who were detained in London under the Defence of the Realm Act.

Yesterday the Ambassador when he called at the Foreign Office asked for explanations with regard to the reason for their detention.

JAP. JOURNALIST ARRESTED IN SINGAPORE.

SINGAPORE, Aug. 5.

The police detained Ishiro Kobayashi, Manager of Eastern News (Japanese news agency which he opened here a few years ago).

Kobayashi was also a correspondent of the Domei Agency.—Reuter.

ARRESTED IN HONGKONG

HONGKONG, Aug. 5.

The police arrested a Japanese Mr. Geturo Yamaguchi under the Emergency Defence Regulation. Mr. Yamaguchi is the proprietor of Yamaguchi Company, formerly established at Foochow and recently removed to Hongkong.—Reuter.

Soviet Trade With America

New Pact In The Offing, Says Sumner-Welles

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.

Mr. Sumner-Welles announced that a new Russo-American Trade Agreement, replacing that expiring to-morrow, would probably soon be completed.

He said that he understood that an agreement was in the offing, but had not yet actually been reached. Whether the agreement will merely extend the existing one under which the Soviet agreed to purchase forty million dollars worth of goods annually was not disclosed.

Mr. Welles said that details must await the actual signing when it would be simultaneously announced in Washington and Moscow.—Reuter.

NEGOTIATIONS COMPLETED

MOSCOW, August 5.

It is learned here to-day that negotiations for the renewal of the Russo-American Trade Agreement have been practically completed. An announcement is expected late. The agreement expires at midnight.—Reuter.

LATVIA'S PLEA AT KREMLIN

LONDON, Aug. 5.

The Moscow radio states that a request for incorporation of Latvia in the Soviet Union was made by M. Kirchenstein, acting President of Latvia at to-day's session of the Supreme Soviet at Kremlin.—Reuter.

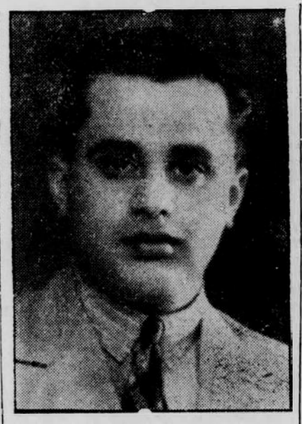
EMBLEM OF JOAN OF ARC

LONDON, August 5.

The Red Cross of Lorraine, which was an emblem carried by Joan of Arc has been adopted by Gen. De Gaulle as an emblem for his forces in addition to the French Flag.

Vice-Admiral Muselier, who commands the free French Navy and Air Force has ordered warships under his command to fly the tricolour at the stern and the Cross of Lorraine at the bows.

French aircraft in addition to French markings will have a blue ring containing the Cross of Lorraine in the centre. One reason why this Cross is selected is that the Germans are making strong efforts to Germanise Lorraine.—Reuter.



Shri Jayachamarajendra Wadiyar, son of the late Yuvaraja of Mysore, who will succeed to the Mysore State "Gadi."

AVIATION UNIT IN MONTREAL

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.

The organisation of an aviation unit in Montreal to fly bombing planes from Canada to Britain was announced by Captain Bennett and another who are now 'en route' from Canada to California for 'liaison' with aircraft plants. They declare that they only want Canadian pilots owing to American Neutrality Laws.—Reuter.

CONSCRIPTION BILL GOES TO SENATE

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.

The Senate Military Committee decided by twelve votes to three to send the Burke Wadsworth's Conscription Bill to the Senate. The aim of the Bill is to register 42 million men between the ages of 18 and 64 with actual military training for a million and a half men in the first year.—Reuter.

U. S.-Britain Air Service

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.

After the arrival of the flying boat "Clare" here it was announced that regular plane service between the United States and Great Britain will be resumed by the American Airways Limited.

Mail and official passengers will be carried.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

SABOTAGE IN U.S.A.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.

Mr. S. J. Edgar Hoover, Chief of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, speaking, stated that the Bureau has revealed acts of sabotage against the United States National Defence programme. Subversive agents, he declared, conducted schools for teaching "the most terrible means of creating destruction." Mr. Hoover recommended that every city in the United States should survey utility undertakings to ensure the maximum of protection because "demoralisation of cities by means of water famine had already been used by Totalitarian saboteurs".—Reuter.

NAZIS TAKE TO SWEEPING BR. MINES.

STOCKHOLM, August 5.

According to dispatches from the Swedish port of Helsingborg great activity by German minesweepers was observed to-day off the Danish shore of Sound following an explosion which damaged a crowded passenger steamer near the entrance to Copenhagen harbour yesterday and in which one person was injured. As a result the Copenhagen-Malmo steamship service has been suspended. It is supposed here that the explosion was due to a mine laid by British aircraft.—Reuter.

GANGSTER ATTACK

Attempt To Rob Karachi Jeweller: Assailant With Revolver Arrested

KARACHI, August 5.

A daring dacoity was attempted to-night in a jeweller's shop in a crowded locality situated behind the city police station.

It is stated that as the shopkeeper was closing the shop two persons, one carrying a revolver and another a hatchet, demanded cash from him at the point of the revolver. On his refusal, the intruders are stated to have fired at him but missed. A crowd then assembled on the scene and the assailants attempted to escape but the one carrying a revolver was secured. The other escaped after injuring two passersby.

The police hastened to the scene and removed the injured to hospital. The condition of one of the injured persons is said to be serious.—A. P.

YUGOSLAV BAN ON MASONIC LODGE

BELGRADE, Aug. 5.

The Minister of Interior has ordered the Masonic Grand Lodge of Yugoslavia of Eighteenth District with all its branches to be dissolved. The property of the organisation has been sequestrated.—Reuter.

BE VIGILANT AND SWIFT TO ACT

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5

President Roosevelt made a call for unity between the Federal and State Governments in strengthening national defence and uncovering subversive activities in a message addressed to the Federal-State Conference on law enforcement problems. The meeting is designed to promote closer cooperation in guarding against spies, saboteurs and fifth columnists.

President Roosevelt says: "We must be vigilant and always on our guard and swift to act. But we must also be wise and cool-headed and not express our activities in cruel stupidities of the 'vigilante' which is where fifth columns form the line."

The 'vigilante' or Vigilance Societies in America include persons who are holding lynch law and compulsory improvement of public morals by warnings followed by corporal and other punishment.—Reuter.

U. S. TROOPS ON MANOEUVRES

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.

Upwards of 100,000 regular troops, National Guardsmen and organised Reservists have begun the greatest peacetime manoeuvres of the United States in a spirit of greatest seriousness, despite the fact that lack of equipment will be felt. A big sham battle will be fought in which the ability of the Air Force to defend and attack will be a major test.—Reuter.

Britain's Neck-To-Neck Race With Nazis

BIG SPURT IN AIRCRAFT PRODUCTION

LONDON, August 5.

It is learned in London that during a recent period of one month the R.A.F. dropped about 37,000 bombs on Germany and occupied countries, compared with only about 7,000 dropped by Germans in raids on Britain during the same period.

Nazi Losses

Since the night of June 18-19 it is confirmed that German losses of aircraft totalled 307 as compared with 172 of the R.A.F. losses.

Aircraft Production

It is believed in London that Britain is running neck-and-neck with Germany in the rate of aircraft production which has recently increased by leaps and bounds.

OIL PLANT BOMBED IN RUHR

The Air Ministry announces that last night R.A.F. bombers attacked an oil plant at Sterkrade in Ruhr. Considerable damage was done to the target which was left in flames. An attack was also made on Krefeld Aerodrome where a hangar was hit and fires started among the aerodrome buildings. All our aircraft returned safely.

The Air Ministry News Service adds that from before midnight until the early hours of to-day, raiders were over Sterkrade works and dropped fourteen tons of high explosive bombs and incendiaries and set alight oil flowing from shattered storage tanks. One pilot said that the fire was still blazing as he flew home.

Attack On Kiel

Since the first attack on Germany's oil supplies the enemy has been forced greatly to strengthen his ground defences. On Saturday night besides firing at the raiders, many shells were aimed at the parachute flares that were dropped to illuminate the targets. The raiders were missed but some flares were shot down.

Docks at Kiel were located by other aircraft despite poor visibility. Some bombs set fire to naval buildings. At Husum, west of Kiel, buildings on an aerodrome were damaged, the tarmac was hit and the anti-aircraft fire stopped abruptly after a rear gunner replied with 200 rounds. Large goods yards in northern part of Cologne were hit with high explosives and incendiaries by an aircraft which cruised above its objectives for about an hour and sea plane bases were also attacked.

DAY-LIGHT RAIDS

In daylight raids on Saturday aerodromes at Schipol and Haamstede were again attacked. At Abberville one of our bombers following half an hour after the initial attack bombed stores and a park and machine-gunned troops and a convoy of lorries from only fifty feet.

Between Gravelines and Dunkirk an armoured train was attacked and barges in a canal near Gravelines were struck with salvoes of bombs.

Encounter Over French Coast

The Air Ministry News Service states that three Blenheims of the Coastal Command flying in tight formation above the clouds defeated four Messerschmitt 109's on Sunday. The Blenheims were patrolling the French coast when the Messerschmitts attacked them. The British dived steeply in formation, firing the whole time and two Messerschmitts broke away and headed for the French coast, one apparently in flames. The Blenheims brought the concentrated fire of the rear guns on one of the remaining German planes and it is believed that it was severely damaged. The Blenheims all landed safely without damage or casualties.

3 Nazi Fighters Destroyed

Describing the destruction of three enemy fighters an Air Ministry News Service Bulletin says that two Messerschmitt 109 fighters were shot down on the far side of the English Channel within range of German anti-aircraft guns.

Smoke was seen pouring from a third Messerschmitt, but it was impossible in the middle of the action to follow it down and consequently it is not claimed as a certain victim. A fourth was badly damaged.

Meanwhile, one enemy fighter was shot down on the English side of the Channel by a spitfire squadron who reported that there were originally eighteen to twenty enemy fighters, but all made for home and the sky was clear within four minutes of the spitfires' appearance.

Midland And Eastern England Bombed

LONDON, Aug. 5.

A Ministry of Home Security communique says: Enemy aircraft dropped high explosive incendiary bombs in a few isolated districts in Midlands, and eastern England last night. Damage was negligible and there were few casualties, one of which proved fatal.—Reuter.

AIR CLASH OVER BIR-EL-GOBBI

CAIRO, August 5.

Reconnaissance aircraft escorted by four fighters met fifty enemy fighters in Bir-el-Gobbi area. In the ensuing battle three enemy aircraft were shot down.

A force of our bombers attacked motor transport concentrations east of Bir-el-Gobbi. On the way to the target, our bombers were engaged by about fifty fighters. Two were shot down in flames and third was shot down by enemy's own anti-aircraft fire. One of our machines is missing.—Reuter.

U. S. ACTION AGAINST SEIZURE OF SHIP BY JAPANESE

WASHINGTON, August 5.

Reports from the Far East indicate that American Consular authorities had taken action regarding the reported seizure by the Japanese of a small United States ship "Estelle" off Chekiang coast of China during this week-end.

So far, however, the efforts are without result.

It is understood that the "Estelle" was forced by storm to take shelter near Wenchow over which the Japanese are exercising blockade.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE". If repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted—30 Girls—Boys—learning Shorthand, Typewriting courses. Posts guaranteed in writing minimum salary 50/-, join before 10th Brentford's College, 204, Hornby Road. (13514)

Wanted 50 salesgirls and 15 salesmen on 90/- for manufacturing Co. urgently see: Federal Co., 39, Forbes St. (13575)

Wanted 4 Civil Engineers, 6 Doctors, Mech. Engineers, 4 Lawyers and 4 Sub-overseers to apply 13506 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted qualified and experienced Superintendent of Police in mofussil. Apply stating age, qualifications previous experience and minimum salary expected to Box No. 3079, "Bombay Chronicle."

British Firm of Pharmaceutical Manufacturers propose expanding their representatives staff immediately. Applications are invited from well educated young men who have had, preferably, some pharmaceutical or chemical training. Previous experience of representative's work not necessary. Apply Box No. 13497 "Bombay Chronicle."

MOTOR DRIVING TUITION

People wishing to learn motor-driving in fortnight. Individual systematic instructions. Experienced teacher. Charges moderate. Apply Box No. 13491, "Bombay Chronicle."

115 MOTOR CYCLES.

For immediate sale a 3 1/2 H. P. "Royal Enfield Bullet" in excellent condition. Also a brand new Raleigh Cycle. Apply to or see personally Mr. Palamkote, King Edward Hospital quarters, Parel between 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. (13504)

174. BOOKS

An invaluable Booklet on "Rejuvenation" Health & Glands will be posted free of charge to any person applying to Messrs. Oomrigar & Son, Lohar Chawl, Bombay 2. (Chemists & Druggists should not fail to take advantage of this offer). (13499)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE.

A CONTRACT for Distilling Country-liquor in Dharampur State Distilleries at his own expenses to supply the same to licensed vendors will be given by Auction in Huzur Office on 30th September, 1940, for a period of three or five years from 1st April, 1941. Details will be furnished by the undersigned on application.

(Sd.) B. T. SHAH,
Member for Commerce and Industry,
Dharampur State.
(3055)

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS.

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders from Presses in Bombay Presidency, for printing and supplying handbills for Major Concessions, in Marathi, Hindi, Gujrathi, Kanarese and Urdu languages. Tender form obtainable from the Controller of Stores' Office at Rs. 2/- per copy which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheques, postal orders or postage stamps will not be accepted. Closing date 27th August, 1940 at 3 P.M. (S. T.). (3089)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

IN APPEAL FROM ITS O. C. J.

APPEAL NO. 96 OF 1924.

Suit No. 1763 of 1924.

CHIMANLAL CHUNILAL CHOKSEY of Anand Hindu Inhabitant, practising as Physician at Anand and at times residing at Anand and at times at Borsad: Appellant & Defendant.

V/s

MANILAL DAMODARDAS MODY: ..... Respondent & Plaintiff.

and Suit No. 1802 of 1924.

MANILAL DAMODARDAS MODY: ..... Plaintiff.

V/s

(1) MANILAL CHUNILAL CHOKSEY and (2) CHIMANLAL CHUNILAL CHOKSEY: ..... Defendants.

To,

(1) Pravinsagar Chimanlal (2).. (3) ..... (4)' .....

The legal representatives of the deceased Chimanlal Chunilal Choksey.

Notice under O.XXI r. 22, of the Code of Civil Procedure.

TAKE NOTICE that you are hereby required under O. XXI, r. 22, of the Code of Civil Procedure to appear in person or by Advocate (O.S.) or Attorney of this Court before the Sitting Judge in Chambers on the 27th day of September, 1940, at 11 O'Clock in the forenoon, to show cause why the Consent Decree of the Appellate Court pronounced on the 11th day of November, 1926, in the above appeal should not be executed against you as the heirs and legal representatives of the deceased Chimanlal Chunilal Choksey.

Dated this 9th day of May, 1939.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) H. A. VAKIL, For Prothonotary and Senior Master.
(Sd.) A. H. KIRTIKAR,

Additional sealing fee paid on 5-6-1939 Rs. 9/- nine only.
(Sd.) T. A.

The 9th day of May, 1939.

Messrs. MOTICHAND and DEVIDAS.
Attorneys for the Respondent (Piff) in Appeal No. 96 of 1924 and the Plaintiff in Suit No. 1802 of 1924.

(3113)

Public Notices

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

GENTLEMEN of the SPECIAL JURY, summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court on TUESDAY, the 6th August, 1940, at 10-45 A.M. (S.T.).

MATHURADAS VISSANJI,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 5th August, 1940.
(3111)

THE BARSI SPINNING & WEAVING MILLS LIMITED.

NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the THIRTY-THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, 38-42, Narayan Building, Shamset street, (Chippi Chawl) Bombay 2, on MONDAY, the 19th August, 1940, at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet and profit & Loss Account for the year ended 31st December 1939.
(2) To elect two directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
(3) To appoint Auditors for the year 1940 and to fix their remuneration.
(4) To transact any other business that the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors,

P. V. JOSHI
Chairman.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 12th August, 1940, to TUESDAY, the 27th August, 1940, both days inclusive.
3112.

Auction Sales

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS

Under Instructions from the Bombay Municipality (Impts) Messrs. MENESSE & CO. will sell by public Auction on FRIDAY, the 9th, August, 1940, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at the premises the materials for removal of the following Buildings:—

Building St. No. 3666; Ward No. 6425; Sch. 6 Sion Road.
Building St. No. 588A; Case No. 430; Katrack Road, Dadar.
Building St. No. 102; 102A; 104A; Case No. 89; 89A; 90; Jerbai Wadia Road (Bhoiwada) Parel.
Building St. No. 395A to 395F; 1059A to 1060; S. P. Shed at Old Labour Camp, Sion.

MENESSE & CO.

CAPITOL at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
ERROL FLYNN
BETTE DAVIS
OLIVIA DE HAVILAND
in
Private Lives of
ELIZABETH & ESSEX
Concessions To Schools.

IF YOU DON'T LIKE IT COME and TELL US!
NATIONAL STUDIOS'
WOMAN
Starring:
SURENDRA, SARDAR AKHTAR & YAKUB
Director: MEHBOOB
13th WEEK AT
PATHE
3-30, 6-30 & 10-0 p.m.
MATINEE SHOW AT 1 P.M. ON SATURDAYS, SUNDAYS & HOLIDAYS

REGAL at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
(Phone 35323)
BING CROSBY
GLORIA JEAN
In
NEW UNIVERSAL'S COMEDY
"IF I HAD MY WAY"
Also LATEST MARCH OF TIME and THE LATEST WAR NEWS

HOLWELL MONUMENT IN COUNCIL

Bengal Govt. Awaiting India Govt.'s Orders

CALCUTTA, August 5.

Replying to a question in the Bengal Council (Upper House) this afternoon the Home Minister, Sir Nazimuddin said that the Government of Bengal were awaiting information from the Government of India regarding the question of removal of the Holwell Monument.

He added that to give effect to the suggestion of the Government of India to remove the monument it was necessary that the Government of India should issue a notification under the Ancient Monument Preservation Acts.—A. P.

A. I. Contests In Shorthand & Typewriting

The Hony. Genl. Secretary, the All-India Institute of Stenographers, 22B, Sirdar Sankar Road, Kalighat, Calcutta, writes:—

A Gold Medal will be awarded to the best candidate in the All-India Typewriting Contest to be held in September in several centres. This is the only national contest that is being held yearly since 1935 and the highest record so far established is 98 words per minute.

A Solid Silver Cup will be the prize for the Champion Stenographer who challenges the present holder at 200 words per minute and wrests the trophy.

Guide To Public Gallery

INDIAN MUSEUM, CALCUTTA

The Industrial Section of the Indian Museum (Botanical Survey of India) has recently put a chart on a specially made glass top table in the form of a plan showing the location of different exhibits housed in the Public Gallery. The arrangements of the show-cases are distinctly shown indicating the nature of exhibits contained therein. This will enable any visitor to easily locate the particular type of exhibits in which he or she may be interested.

METRO
DAILY AT 3:30-6:30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045
LAST 3 DAYS!
YOUR FAVOURITE MONARCHS OF MIRTH IN A REVIVAL OF THEIR MOST OUTSTANDING SUCCESS!
STAN LAUREL
OLIVER HARDY
In Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's
"THE DEVIL'S BROTHER"

SPECIAL SHOW
For LADIES Only
on Thurs. at 1 p.m.
HINDUSTAN'S
Film For Ladies
SAUBHAGYA
7th WEEK at
ROXY
Daily: 4, 7, & 9-45 p.m.

You will find real comfort in Tata Shaving Soap which lathers so richly, makes shaving so smooth and soothing. The Bakelite grip at the bottom means you use every bit of the stick. No waste.
Tata
SHAVING STICK
A TATA PRODUCT
TOMCO SALES DEPT.
P.O. Box 528, Bombay.

KHER LEADS ATTACK ON BANDRA BOARD

Inadequate Arrangements For Fire-fighting

BOMBAY, Monday.

A public meeting of the residents of Khar was convened by the Laxminagar (Khar) Residents' Association and other Societies in Khar yesterday at the Laxmi Pavilion to protest against the Bandra Municipality's recent decision to refuse to appoint a special committee in the matter of inadequacy of its fire-fighting arrangements and merely to refer the matter to the Standing Committee for report.

Mr. G. S. Gupte presided. The following resolution, proposed by Mr. B. G. Kher was adopted:

"That this public meeting of the residents of Khar regrets that the Bandra Municipality Board at its last meeting held on 26th July, 1940, rejected the resolution moved by Mrs. Bhanumati Bhatt requesting the Municipality to make adequate provision for fighting fires in future and to arrange, pending the solution of the problem, for the loan of the Bombay Municipal Fire Brigade whenever required on payment of an agreed sum of money per trip or otherwise. This meeting looks upon the reference of the question to the Standing Committee as an attempt to shelve it.

This meeting requests the Bandra Municipality to enter into an arrangement with the Bombay Municipality to obtain the services of the Fire Brigades of the latter whenever there is a fire."

Utterly Useless

Mr. Kher narrated how the present arrangements of the Bandra Municipality proved utterly useless and how the Bombay Municipal Fire Brigade had to be called even by guaranteeing for the payment should the question arise. This was the second time during the career of the present Board that a fire had taken place, the first being in Danda when about thirty huts were utterly destroyed over a year and a half ago.

Mrs. Nimbkar suggested that the Bandra Municipality had utterly failed to discharge its duty towards the ratepayers, the roads were bad throughout, there were no proper drains for the monsoon, and her school next to the scene of the fire would probably have been destroyed had Bombay Fire Brigade not been brought over and suggested that something more than a mere protest such as non-payment of taxes, was necessary.

In his reply to the debate Mr. B. G. Kher made an impassioned appeal to his hearers to accept his resolution.

Mr. Shome suggested the following resolution which was passed all standing: "This public meeting of the residents of Khar deeply regrets the untimely demise of their fellow-resident Mr. A. Seshaya immediately after the unfortunate accident to his residence and offers its sincere and wholehearted sympathies to the bereaved members of his family."

The President of the meeting was empowered to send a copy of the resolution to the Bandra Municipality and to the Government of Bombay.

Call It "Palace Of Justice

NAGPUR, August 5.

A suggestion that the new High Court Judicature should be named as "The Palace of Justice" on the lines of cities like Rome, Brussels, Budapest, and Buenos Aires has been made by Mr. P. M. Naidu, a leading Advocate of Nagpur.

Mr. Naidu says that the word 'Court' has a jarring effect and suggests things like Magistrates' Courts.—United Press.

INTENSIFICATION OF NAGPUR SATYAGRAHA

NAGPUR, August 5.

Intensification of Satyagraha launched on July 26 by the Nagpur Textile Union was decided upon by the Satyagraha Committee appointed by the Union at a meeting yesterday.

The Satyagraha was started to protest against the action of the authorities in not granting dearness allowance to the workers of the Model Mills.

At a meeting of the workers last evening, Mr. R. S. Ruiker, President of the Textile Union, exhorted the workers to carry on the struggle for grant of dearness allowance by the management of the Model Mills.—A. P.

Boycott Model Mills Urged

NAGPUR, August 5.

Mr. R. S. Ruiker has sent a letter in connection with the Model Mill workers' strike, to Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President, Mr. M. A. Jinnah, the President of Muslim League, Mr. V. D. Savarkar, President of the Hindu Mahasabha and to the All-India Forward Bloc, urging them to place the Model Mills on the boycott list.—United Press.

Central Assembly Session From Nov. 5

SIMLA, August 5.

The Autumn Session of the Central Legislative Assembly will begin on November 5 in Delhi, says a communique.—A. P.

City Mysore Association Mourns Death Of Late Ruler

The President and the members of the Mysore Association assembled on Sunday to mourn the loss of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore. The Mysore National Flag was half-masted on the association building. The premises of the association were closed for two days as a mark of respect.

After the arrival of Mr. N. N. Iyengar, the President, a resolution was passed to send the following telegram:—

"Members of the Mysore Association, Bombay, are profoundly grieved by the passing away of their Maharaja. Pray convey their deep sympathies to Her Highness the Maharani, the Yuvaraja and the royal family."

It was also resolved to hold a condolence meeting on Monday (to-day) at 7 p.m. to express sorrow at the passing away of His Highness and to convey the deep sympathies of the community to Her Highness the Maharani, Yuvaraja and the royal family.

The Mysore Government Industries and several concerns are kept closed as a mark of respect.

KANNADA SANGHA MOURNS DEATH OF MYSORE MAHARAJA

An emergent meeting of the Bombay Kannada Sangha, Matunga (G.I.P) was held on Sunday last in the premises of the Sangha at 5 p.m. to mourn the demise of the Maharaja of Mysore.

The meeting unanimously passed, all the members standing, the following resolution:

"That this emergent meeting of the members of the Bombay Kannada Sangha learns with profound regret the sad demise of His Highness Sir Sri Krishnarajendra Wadiyar Bahadur, at Bangalore, on Saturday, the 3rd August, 1940, at 9 p.m. and begs to convey its condolences to Her Highness the Maharani, to H. H. Sri Jayachamaraja Wadiyar and to the other members of the royal family of Mysore."

SETH BAJAJ SEES RAJEN BABU

Mirabai Arrives At Wardha

WARDHA, August 5.

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj arrived here this morning from Bombay and shortly after saw Babu Rajendra Prasad who is down with fever. After a week's stay here Seth Jamnalal Bajaj will go to Jaipur.

Mirabai arrived here last evening from the Punjab where she had been for last six months.

Interviewed by the "United Press" she said that there is much scope for constructive work in the Punjab but there is want of sincere workers.—United Press.

LIVELY BABIES ARE HEALTHY BABIES

Activity is the greatest of beauties in an infant. A mother who sees her baby fully alive and kicking knows that he is on his way to being a fine, strong man.

HEALTHY FOOD FOR BABY

If you want to keep your baby on his 'energetic way' you must give him the right food. Mother's milk is always the best, but often enough is not available for him. Remember then that plain cow's milk is meant for calves; it is too strong for baby's stomach. You must add the right quantity of boiled water to cow's milk before you give it to a baby. This rule applies to older children, too, for some time after they have stopped feeding at the breast.

FOOD FOR ACTIVE BABIES

Baby must have one specific kind of sugar to keep his muscles in full working order. Cow's milk with boiled water provides less than half enough of this sugar that your baby needs. If you gave him nothing else, he would become thin, because his fat would have been broken down to supply energy. So if you want to have a plump, kicking baby, give him more sugar in his diluted cow's milk.

The Special Baby's Sugar

Ordinary sugar is unsuitable for baby's delicate stomach; it often causes vomiting and wind.

KARO SYRUP is the scientifically correct sugar to add to baby's food. With cow's milk and water which has been boiled, KARO makes food as near to mother's milk as you can get.

Ask any doctor if this is not true

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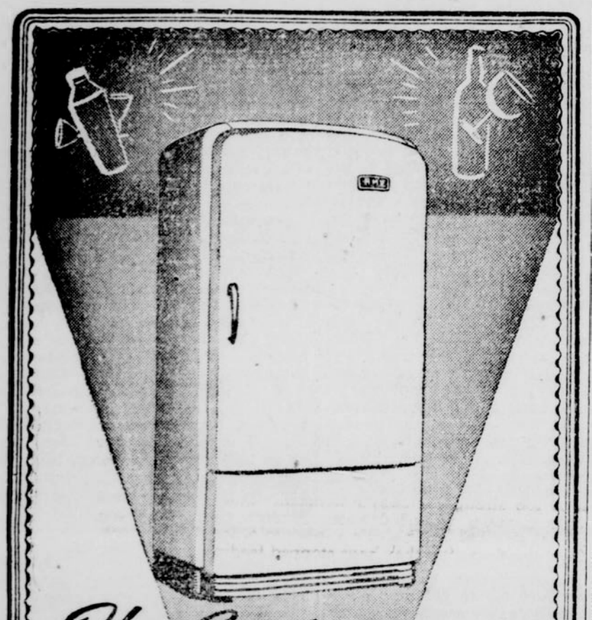

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BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Shravan Sud 3, 1996
Muslim: Rajab 1, 1359
Parsi: Aspandarmad 9, 1309
Hightide: 1-12, 13-40
Lowtide: 7-11, 19-50
Sunrise: 6h. 16m.
Sunset: 7h. 13m.

THURSDAY, August 8

Corporation meeting, 2-30 p.m. (B.T.).

Domestic Occurance

DEATH

JASAWALA—Nusserwanji Bomanji, son of the late Bai Jaiji and Bomanji Jasawala, brother of the late Burjorji, Framroze and Jerbai. Aged 77. Funeral at Jasawala Bungalow, Warden Road, to-day (Tuesday) at 8 a.m. (S.T.).

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

Special Jurors' attention is drawn to the Notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

BOMBAY MATHEMATICAL COLLOQUIUM

Prof. P. C. Mahalanobis of the Statistical Institute, Calcutta, will speak on "Sampling Control" at 6 p.m. at the R.I.S. to-day (Tuesday).

GATHA SOCIETY

A meeting of the Gatha Society will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, 134-136, Apollo Street, Fort, when Mr. S. N. Kanga, will give a discourse open to the public in Gujarati on "Zarathushtra, in the Farvardin Yasht".

MUNICIPAL WORKERS' UNION

The announced meeting of the workers of the Municipal Workshop will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Foras Road Gardens.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

Mr. Chitale will begin his lectures on "Civil Wrongs" in the University, South Wing to-day (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m. Mr. Jain will take Hindustani Classes in Devanagari Script and will begin the senior class in the University, South Wing on Thursday, August 8 at 6-30 p.m. He will begin the Junior Class on Friday, August 9 at 6-30 p.m. in the University, South Wing.

ROTARY CLUB OF BOMBAY (LADIES' DAY) LUNCHEON MEETING

Mr. Verrier Elwin will speak on "Aboriginals in the Central Provinces", Taj Mahal Hotel to-day (Tuesday) at 1-30 p.m.

TRANSPORTATION FOR LIFE

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, Aug 5

Khijdia Darbar Vala Amraram has been sentenced to transportation for life being found guilty of murder of his servant by gunshot.

TUDGANI BRIDGE DECLARED UNSAFE

The Executive Engineer, Kanara Division, writes to say "that the Tudgani bridge in mile 20/5 of Yeliapur Sirsi Road has suddenly become unsafe for all vehicular traffic from July 30 and has been barricaded to warn traffic. A diversion will be provided on November 1."

CONCESSION OF USE OF GAJ MEASURE EXTENDED.

The Director of Information, Bombay writes:

The Bombay Government has extended up to June 30, 1941, the concession of the use of the Gaj measure side by side with the standard cubic foot in the timber trade of the Province.

At the same time, the Government has ordered that the use of the Gaj measure should be reviewed in the light of the actual experience and the grievances of the forest contractors of North Thana. The Government will then consider whether the standardization in favour of the cubic foot should continue or whether the Gaj measure should be standardized.

PIONEER IN ANDHRA WOMEN'S MOVEMENT.

A tribute was paid to the late Vedantam Kamaladevi of Cocanada by the young Andhra Association Dadar at a condolence meeting held on Sunday for the invaluable services she rendered to the country. She was a pioneer in the women's movement in Andhra and took a leading part in the Congress movement and Harijan work.

Rs. 5,000 REWARD
feel and be YOUNG the first NIGHT
A REVOLUTION IN MEDICINE WORLD

Dear Reader,

If you feel weak and rundown at 30 or 40; or if a helpless victim to old-age, loss of vigour, low vitality, nervous breakdown, depression, giddiness, bloodlessness, insomnia, high blood pressure, mental or physical exhaustion, weak memory, loss of appetite; is nature really to blame for all this? The reason is not far to seek. It is your own ignorance of laws of nature. There is a disappointing deficiency of 'Nectarde-Vital.' Vitamins and Mineral Salts in your system. It is a Nature's Warning Signal. Any delay would be dangerous may even fatal. Commence immediately Parker's Wonder Working VELEXO', The Vitamin Nectar Treatment, an unparalleled latest Scientific Discovery in the Medicine World and let the results speak for themselves. A surprising increase in vigour and vitality within 24 to 48 hours, and 100 p.c. improvement in health and energy within a week. Mark the lustre and brilliance of the face day by day. Weigh yourself a week after, and see how many pounds of solid flesh and bones added to your system, and how extra-ordinary strong, vigorous and younger in age you look and feel. How miraculously VELEXO' restores the vigour and vitality of the prime of life as if at 25, and makes you live and enjoy the pleasures of youth over again, and even the Whitish Grey Hair turn Jet Black, and a New Set of Teeth re-appears in old-age. This Magical effect of 'VELEXO' has well been tried in SWITZERLAND on the Decaying plants and leaves, which turned natural greens with the freshness of spring. 'VELEXO' has also stood the Clinical Tests of Medical Men in India most successfully. People all over India, Burma and Ceylon both Males and Females have used 'VELEXO' and speak very very highly of its Speedy and Startling results. Why not try yourself and be a living testimony. Write for Trial Phial at Concession Rates Rs. 3 per Phial Postage Extra.

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Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"The Private Lives of Elizabeth and Essex" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"If I Had My Way" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"The Devil's Brother" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Saps At Sea" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"For Freedom" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Anuradha" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m
PATHE—"Woman" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Saubhagya" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
WEST END—"Lapandav" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Bahurani" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Andhi" Daily at 4-45, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Dnyaneshwar" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.

STANDAGE, HUDSON AND TEMPLE

Alternative Charges Framed In Case Of Alleged Cheating

BOMBAY, Monday.

Charges of criminal breach of trust and abetment or in the alternative cheating and abetment on two counts were framed against Stanley Marcus Standage, Laurence Dennis Hudson and Sir Richard Temple by Mr. Oscar Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, after the prosecution evidence was completed.

The accused pleaded not guilty.

According to the prosecution, the accused are alleged to have cheated or committed criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 5,000 and Rs. 4,000 respectively, given as deposits by two employees of Temple, Thomas and Standage of which the accused were said to be partners.

Mr. C. N. Kanuga who appeared for Sir Richard Temple, before framing charges argued that there was not an iota of evidence to connect Sir Richard Temple with the alleged offences.

The case stands postponed to August 7.

ALLEGED AIDING IN CHEATING

Ahmed Abdul Rehiman, son of Abdul Rehman Kamruddin, and Aishabi, Kamruddin's wife were arrested yesterday by the Bombay C.I.D. on a charge of aiding and abetting Kamruddin in three cases of cheating preferred against him by city landlords.

The accused were placed this morning before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, who directed them to be remanded to custody.

PUBLICATION OF FALSE REPORT COSTS LIFE

"Threw himself down from the 3rd floor of Anand Bhuwan at Narsi Nathar Rd. Bombay, whilst in a state of mental distress. This was the verdict returned by the City Coroner's Jury at the inquest on the body of Assaria Jethabai (60), a resident of Dongri, who sustained severe injuries on his head in a suicidal fall on Saturday and who died in the G. T. Hospital the same day.

The chit left by the deceased in his room showed that the false report of the marriage of his (deceased's) daughter with one Moolji Lalji, published in a magazine, had been worrying him and therefore he was putting an end to his life, although the editor had published an apology in a subsequent issue of his magazine.

LAHORE JEWELLER'S DEATH ECHO

Kaikhushroo Ardeshir, a film actor, and Laxmi Kaikhushroo, who were arrested in connection with the alleged murder of Lala Mulraj Jolly, a jeweller from Lahore, and were suspected of the theft of a diamond ring from his person, on the 20th July, were discharged to-day by Mr. G. A. Sabnis, at Dadar Court.

The case against three others is postponed to 16th August.

HOTEL MANAGER FINED

For failing to report the arrival of a foreigner, namely Father Simon Yousuf, an Iranian, to the authorities as required by the Registration of the Foreigners' Act, M. R. Mehera, Manager of the Elphinston Hotel was sentenced by the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court to pay a fine of Rs. 50.

CITY MYSOREANS' TRIBUTE TO LATE MAHARAJA

A resolution expressing its sense of profound sorrow at the passing away of H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore, and its sympathy with Her Highness the Maharani, His Highness the Yuvaraja and members of the family in their bereavement, was passed at a meeting of the members of the Mysore Association and other sympathisers, on Monday evening.

Mr. N. N. Iyengar who presided over the meeting, in the course of his speech, pointed out how every activity of the late Maharaja was directed towards the welfare of the whole people. Being of a retiring disposition, the activities of the Maharaja were not much publicised, but his constant endeavour to enhance the prestige of Mysore, was well known.

THEN AND NOW

Diwan Bahadur Ramaswami said that it was no occasion to undertake an enumeration of all the beneficent acts of the late ruler. But when one looked at the condition of Mysore 45 years ago, when the Maharaja came to the Throne, and how it had grown under his able guidance, not even the most carping critic could help feeling a sense of sorrow.

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarakadas, in associating himself with the deep sense of mourning of the people of Mysore said that the late Maharaja was a ruler of whom every Indian was proud. He spoke of the Maharaja's natural dignity, unaffected nobility and the depth of his feeling for the welfare of his subjects.

High Court

DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE

Muslim Wife's Allegations

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Somjee)

Khairunissabai ..... Plaintiff.
Versus
Khalil Ahmed ..... Defendant.

This was a suit filed by the plaintiff against her husband for dissolution of marriage (on the ground of cruelty and refusal to maintain her) and for the payment of Rs. 25/4 by way of "maher" (i.e. Dower).

The plaintiff and the defendant were Sunni Mahomedans of the Shafai and Hanafi sects respectively. They were married according to the rites of the Mahomedan religion on 18th September 1936 and the "Maher" (Dower) was at that time fixed at Rs. 25/4. The plaintiff and the defendant lived and co-habited as husband and wife for three months after the marriage at Madanpura but there was no issue of the said marriage. The plaintiff alleged that during these three months her husband grossly ill-treated her and gave her insufficient food, that he used to beat her, brand her and even threatened her frequently with a knife.

The defendant denied the allegations of cruelty made by the plaintiff. Counsel for the defendant contended that the dissolution of Muslim Marriages Act VIII of 1939 did not apply to the present case in which the cruelty alleged to have been committed was before the new Act which was not retrospective came into force.

His Lordship was unable to accept the defendant's evidence and found that he treated his wife with great cruelty. His Lordship held that in such circumstances of habitual cruelty a Muhamedan wife was entitled to a decree for divorce. His Lordship, therefore decreed the plaintiff's suit, dissolving her marriage with the defendant, and ordered payment of Rs. 25/4 as "Maher" (Dower) and dismissed the defendant's counter-claim for Restitution of Conjugal Rights with costs.

Mr. Khakar instructed by Messrs. Chandrasen & Co. appeared for the plaintiff.

Mr. M. J. Sethna instructed by Messrs. Nariman and Co. appeared for the defendant.

SIR T. NARIMAN'S SERVICES TO CITY

Corporation Adjourns As Mark Of Respect

The Municipal Corporation adjourned on Monday without transacting any business as a mark of respect to the memory of Dr. Sir Temulji Nariman who died on Thursday last.

Mr. Mathooradas Tricumji, the Mayor said the late Sir Temulji Nariman was connected with the Municipal Corporation for fifteen years. As a medical man, he rendered yeomen services to the city. On behalf of the Corporation he expressed sympathy and condolence to the family of the deceased.

Dr. P. H. Meisheri moved:—

That the Corporation have learned with great regret of the death on 1st August 1940, of Dr. Sir Telmulji B. Nariman, who was a member of the Corporation for 15 years (1907-1923) and a prominent member of the medical profession in the City, wherein he had a brilliant and honorific career and who in various capacities rendered valuable services to the City and in whose death the City mourns the loss of a distinguished public worker.

That a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the family of the deceased with an expression of the Corporation's sympathy in their sad bereavement.

That as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased the Corporation do now adjourn without transacting any business for the day.

The resolution was seconded by Mr. B. N. Karanjia, and supported by Mr. Nagindas T. Master, Dr. D. N. Saher, Dr. Alban De Souza, Mr. M. E. Joshi and Mr. M. U. Rajab and carried standing as a mark of respect. The House then adjourned till Thursday at 2-30 p.m.

Tributes To Memory Of Dr. Mrs. D'Monte And Sir T. Nariman

At the meeting of the Bombay Nurses, Midwives and Health Visitors' Council held on 2nd August 1940, a condolence resolution was passed by the Council on the demise of Dr. Mrs. C. D'Monte who was a sitting member of the Council and Sir Temulji B. Nariman who was a member till 1935.

Sir Mangaldas Mehta, the Vice-President of the Council spoke a few words about the very valuable services rendered by these members to the Council and to the cause of Nursing in General.

About Sir Temulji Nariman, he said that Sir Temulji was connected with the establishment of the Bombay Presidency Nursing Association being a member of the Committee which was appointed by Government in March 1904 to consider the question of providing facilities for adequate nursing at the hospitals in this Presidency, and it was on the recommendation of this Committee that the Bombay Presidency Nursing Association was formed.

"DOYEN OF MEDICAL PROFESSION"

The Bombay Obstetric and Gynaecological Society at their meeting held on Monday evening paid a tribute to the memory of Sir Temulji Nariman "the Doyen of the Medical Profession" and adjourned without transacting any business.

COMPETITION

THE TATA

IRON & STEEL COMPANY, LTD.

offer Rs. 250 in prizes for Trade Mark Designs suitable for incorporation in stationery, press advertising and publicity material in general.

1st Prize Rs. 150 2nd Prize Rs. 75
3rd Prize Rs. 25

Conditions:

1 This competition is open to professionals and amateurs.

2 Awards will be made by a jury consisting of the Principal of the Government School of Art, Calcutta, the Publicity Manager of the Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd. Calcutta, and the Manager of the J. Walter Thompson Co., (Eastern) Ltd., Calcutta.

3 The Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd., reserve the right to withhold awards if none of the designs is, in the opinion of the jury, of a sufficiently high standard. Alternatively, they reserve the right to make additional awards if the jury considers more than three designs are worthy of such recognition.

4 All prize winning designs will become the copyright property of the Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd.

5 The subject of the design is "TATA STEEL". A short qualifying slogan may be added such as "Strength—Security", or "A Sign of Strength".

6 Designs must be in black and white line, boldly executed to permit of considerable reduction in block-making if necessary.

7 Drawings should not exceed 3½" in height and 2½" in width.

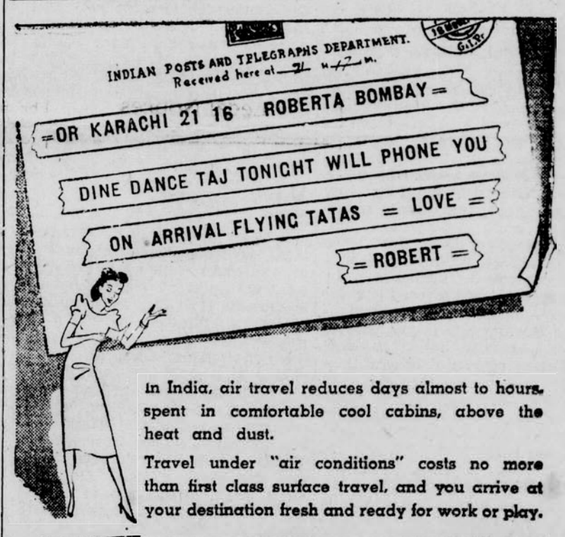
8 Designs must bear the name and address of the entrant at the back and reach the Tata Iron & Steel Co. Ltd., (Publicity Department) 102A, Clive Street, Calcutta, by August 31st, 1940. The envelope should be superscribed "Design".

9 No responsibility can be accepted for any entries lost, mislaid or delayed, but every endeavour will be made to return rejected designs.

10 No correspondence can be entered into with competitors.

11 Awards will be announced in this newspaper and several others by September 30, 1940.

12 The decision of the jury is final in all matters relating to this contest and entries are only accepted on that understanding.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TATA AIR LINES
KARACHI TO COLOMBO

Via BHUJ, AHMEDABAD, BOMBAY, POONA, HYDERABAD, MADRAS & TRICHINOPOLY.

Ask your travel agent for full particulars

PROHIBITION MUST BE RESTORED

G. K. U. To Support B. P. C. C. Board's Programme

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress, a big rally of the workers was held in the Sunday evening at Kamgar maidan, Parel, when Messrs. Khedgiker, Joglekar, Suryavanshi, N. M. Joshi, Nimbkar, and Mrs. Usha Dange addressed the gathering.

All were unanimously of the opinion that as Prohibition was no more, everyone should try his best for the speedy and early restoration of Prohibition, and consequently to lend all possible aid and assistance to the Board set up by the B.P.C.C. for the said purpose.

SOCIAL JUSTICE FOR ALL RACES?

Indian Congratulations To Gen. Smuts

Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, Chairman, Imperial Indian Citizenship Association, Bombay has sent the following cable to General Smuts, Prime Minister of the Union of South Africa:—

"We in India, have read with much interest your brodcast speech on July 21 and highly appreciate the principle of social justice between man and man and between nation and nation enunciated by you. It is earnestly hoped these principles will not be applied to European nations only but to all races and creeds in the world and that under your inspiring guidance the union Government will, in actual practice, treat every section of their permanent population in the spirit of these noble principles and high ideals."

Telephone No. 22037
Post Box 322.
Telegrams: "Chronicle."
Registered No. B. 1065.

The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, AUGUST 6, 1940.

INDUSTRIAL EXPANSION

The Government of India have been issuing for months past a number of press notes stating what they propose to do to expand Indian industries for war purposes. The notes are not quite so definite as one would like them to be, but it may be presumed that Britain's interests, if not India's, have compelled the Government of India to make some efforts, however belated, to exploit more fully the resources of the country. The Committee appointed some time back to enquire into the question of providing specialised technical instruction for war production is understood to have made its report, estimating that in order to carry out the expansion programme already decided upon nearly 10,000 additional technicians will be needed either at once or at stages during the next nine months. As these persons cannot be trained in the ordinary way, "they will have to be conscripted from the ranks of skilled workers engaged in private industry supplemented by technical students who are about to complete their courses of training." In addition to these, the annual requirements of the Defence Services for trained personnel will amount to about 3,000 men. From whichever class the required technicians are recruited they will need specialised training and the technical institution at present in existence can train comparatively few persons at a time without disturbing, to any serious extent, the courses of existing students. But, as the Committee suggests, many more men can be trained wherever it may be practicable to introduce the shift system. Moreover, there are several technical institutions which the Committee has not yet visited. Finally every attempt must also be made to start new institutions, particularly for the benefit of those who will be needed for the general expansion of industries arising out of the present war conditions.

Transport Industries

Neglected

Apart from the question of providing specialised technical instruction, the public would like to have a clear indication of the Government's plans for the immediate expansion of the industries particularly helpful for war purposes. And it goes without saying that Government should give every reasonable facility for the development of these industries. We would specially commend the claim of the three new industries proposed to be started in the country, namely, the ship-building, air-craft, and the manufacture of motor cars and trucks. The importance of these transport industries was well brought out by Mr. M. C. Ghia when, at the last quarterly general meeting of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, he said: "The transport organisation of a country whether it has to deal with the economic requirements of the people or whether it has to grapple with the questions of the defence of its coast, whether it is connected with the questions of transport on land or on sea or in the air, arrests the most absorbing attention and receives the most active consideration of the nation in times of war." The importance of these industries will be admitted by Government themselves. But the actual state of things is, as Mr Ghia proceeded to point out, "that Indian shipping has a very meagre place even in India's home waters, while it practically does not exist in India's overseas trade." As regards transport in air, too, India's share is negligible. Government cannot escape responsibility for such a discreditable state of things.

Make Amends

However, now at least Government must make due amends. For in war times the need for efficient transport on sea and in air is supreme both for the purposes of defence and the normal purposes of the country. In spite of the odds against them Mr. Walchand Hirachand and some other industrial magnates are busy promoting the three pioneer industries mentioned above. These are key industries which Government ought to have encouraged long ago, and any national Government would certainly have done so. The present Government should help these industries at least because they can be helpful in the war. If they cannot do that, they should gracefully retire and make room for more faithful servants of the country.

Confusion Worse....

The Balkan situation has been confusing enough for some time. In the context of certain happenings in the last two days—not excluding M. Molotov's speech—it does not make any sense at all. We should have thought that all was to be peace and quiet and friendliness in that part of Europe, thanks to the mutually accommodating efforts of the three big patrons of the Balkans. But it is, evidently, not to be so. The Rumanian Government, while not quite willing to accede to Hungary's and Bulgaria's demands, is, however, going to begin negotiations shortly with these countries. On the other hand M. Manin, the Peasant Party leader and himself a Transylvanian, is on the war path, as it were, along with other political leaders of Rumania. But even more noteworthy is the fact that while an important Nazi paper of Berlin clearly threatens Rumania with unfortunate consequences to herself if she delays surrendering to Hungary's and Bulgaria's claims, the pro-Nazi organ of the Rumanian Government, the "Curentul", quite caustically declares that "there is no reason why Rumania should be asked to make unilateral concessions for strengthening peace in south-eastern Europe." It's all so puzzling!

Anglo-Japanese Tension

Anglo-Japanese relations have quickly reached the stage of energetic arrests of each other's nationals. The Japanese Press is quite annoyed over it and one of them demands that Japan had better meet outrage with outrage—forgetting, it is very interesting to note, that the initiative was taken by Japan and that the first outrage resulted in at least one tragic death. The British deny that their actions are in the nature of reprisals. They suggest that measures against certain Japanese were postponed "with a desire to maintain friendly relations" with Japan. So that since they have now been taken, it appears that Britain has realised the futility of appeasing Japan. If so, we may expect serious developments in the Far East within a week.

Frankly Speaking

Futile Surrender

The Germans are not content with commandeering food stocks and making the broken and already hungry French pay for the cost of occupying French territory. They are completing in every possible manner their stranglehold on the industrial and economic life of France, the establishment of complete control over French banks being only the latest of many instances, but by no means the last. France has been reduced to the state of a political and economic vassal of Germany and, in a sense, she is worse off than Norway and Holland, whose Governments have refused to capitulate to the Nazi. What then has the Petain regime gained for France by surrendering? Just nothing. On the other hand, if it had moved to North Africa and continued the fight, it is quite probable that the French fleet and the French armies in the colonies would have by now helped Britain to cripple Italy on both land and sea and strengthened the common cause.

Another Railway Disaster

The news about the latest accident to the Dacca-Calcutta Mail will be received with profound shock and sorrow throughout the country. The toll of the accident is very severe indeed, thirty lives having been already lost and 90 persons having received severe injuries. The disaster occured near about the site of last year's accident to the Dacca-Calcutta Mail and this coincidence makes the tragedy still more poignant. An official "communique" of the East Bengal Railway attributes the accident to the removal of rails from the track. This report, if confirmed by further investigation, makes the affair really heinous and the police must try their level best speedily to bring the perpetrators of such a savage crime to book. The Government have instituted an inquiry into the causes of the disaster and we trust they will take all possible steps to prevent its recurrence. Meanwhile the victims of the accident and their relatives are assured of widespread public sympathy.

Crime On The Frontier

The Inspector-General of Police of the Frontier Province, explaining the 67 per cent. rise in violent crime in 1939 since 1930, says that one of the main causes of the rise is provincial autonomy. And the Government state that this explanation is not "in all ways correct", suggesting that it may be correct in most ways. But why are the figures for 1939 compared with those for 1930? What are the figures for the two or three years immediately preceding the advent of autonomy? However, even if there is serious rise in crime in 1939 as compared with the years immediately preceding the introduction of autonomy, one cannot say with certainty that it is due to autonomy. It may be due to the limitations imposed on autonomy all over the country particularly in the Frontier Province.

Literacy In U. P.

It is gratifying to see that the literacy campaign started by the Congress Government is making fair progress in the United Provinces, evidently as a result of the momentum the movement acquired in its early months. It is reported that during the first quarter ending March 1940, there were about 51,000 persons on the rolls of the Government and aided adult schools in the province and that the number of literacy certificates issued during the period was 12,589. These are encouraging figures. More encouraging still is the growing popularity of the village libraries and reading rooms, designed to make literacy permanent and a real aid to self-education. Reports which have been received from 30 districts in the province show that nearly 700,000 of persons visited the reading rooms, while the number of persons who made use of the village libraries totalled 259,602. The main libraries in these 30 districts issued 126,337 books while the branch libraries were responsible for issuing 122,423 books. We hope the progress suggested by these figures will be maintained in the future, with or without the help of the Government.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

The offer of Sir Stanley Reed, familiar to the people of this city and to hosts of admiring Indians throughout this country as one of the most brilliant journalists and understanding minds ever to have sat in the editorial chair of "The Times of India"—and a sagacious business brain with a rare capacity for organisation—to do "any kind of farm work" by way of war service in Britain provides a stimulating example of unruffled patriotism which seeks only opportunity for service however humble to its country.

—"Evening News of India."

* * * *

"Simla, August 5.

The Government of India have prohibited military exercise or drill with or without arms by non-official volunteer organisations in India".—A. P. I.

And yet

(1) Gandhiji accused the Government and Mr. Amery only the other day of studied unresponsiveness, and

(2) Some people regretfully thought that Britain had lost common-sense and imagination.

* * * *

Personally we promptly apologise to Lord Linlithgow. We now recognise that so far as he is concerned he is doing his best to remove the stalemate and if it still continues it will be for no fault of His Excellency.

* * * *

By the way, commenting on Gandhiji's opinion that the Congress has gone off the rails, a confrere suggests that Government too seem to be desirous of doing so.

To which we only add the hope that they do not collide while off the rails.

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Tokyo Talks Loose.

Headline.

Yes. But there is method in Tokyo's talkative looseness.

* * * *

Provoked by the arrest of Japanese in London, a Tokyo paper demands that "Japan meet the outrage with outrage."

But how will Japan meet the outrage perpetrated by the late Melville Cox er—er—jumping out of a third floor window?

* * * *

A feeling of dissatisfaction is reported in Chungking circles at M. Molotov's speech particularly its reference to Soviet-Japanese relations.

We sympathise with the Chinese. But we would advise them to swallow both their dissatisfaction and Soviet-Japanese relations.

* * * *

In Belgium, fifth columnists have, it is stated, assumed the role of administrators of justice.

But naturally. It is fifth-column justice which has to be administered to the Belgians.

* * * *

A great agitation has been started in the U. S. A. to sell a number of over-age destroyers to Britain.

This is admirable and the agitation deserves success.

But aren't old man Pershing and others overdoing it? If they persist in their alarmist eloquence they may well become a kind of save-me-from-my-friends - friends of Britain.

* * * *

ITALIANS WANT TO BE EGYPTIANS, says a headline.

We are afraid they do, in a manner of speaking.

* * * *

The dishevelled stranger made his way into the police station.

"Are you in charge?" he asked.

"I am," replied the man in uniform who was seated at a desk and writing in a large ledger.

"I'm lost," said the dishevelled man.

"You are—eh?" replied the sergeant, as he continued writing. "Well, if you can prove that anybody's missing you, we'll take up the case."

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

A setting hen may be a loafer, but she gets results.

Life is a burden to some people and others are a burden to life.

Figures may not lie, but figures of speech are often misleading.

Men wouldn't mind if their wives lost their temper—provided they never found it again.

For some people a new money-making scheme would be the old-fashioned way of earning it.

It's a wise woman who can refrain from reminding her husband of the fool things he said during courtship.

LOSS NOT TO MYSORE ALONE

Country-wide Tribute To Late Maharaja

TRIVANDRUM, Aug. 5.

The Maharaja of Travancore has telegraphed to the new Maharaja of Mysore offering heartfelt condolences and sympathy on the demise of the late Maharaja. "A great and good ruler."

The Maharani of Travancore has sent a message to the Maharani of Mysore offering condolences in her great bereavement.

DEWAN'S TRIBUTE

Dewan Sir C. P. Ramaswami Aiyer describes the late Maharaja as one of the greatest rulers of modern India and maker of modern Mysore in a telegram to the new Maharaja. He adds that the late ruler's life had been both an example and a inspiration to the Indian people.

In a message to Sir Mirza Ismail, Sir C. P. Ramaswami Aiyer offers sympathy and condolences on "the terrible calamity" which had overtaken not only Mysore but the whole of India in the death of a great and saintly ruler."—A. P.

INDIAN STATES IN MOURNING

KAPURTHALA, Aug. 5.

All the courts and offices in Kapurthala state are closed today as a mark of respect to the memory of the late Maharaja of Mysore. The flags are also flying half-mast.—A. P.

Gwailor In Mourning

GWALIOR, August 5.

Gwalior was plunged into mourning on receiving the news of the Maharaja of Mysore's death. As a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased, all Government offices and public institutions have been closed for three days and complete hartal is being observed at the Capital. Flags are flying half-mast.—A. P.

Travancore Assembly's Tribute

TRIVANDRUM, Aug. 5.

In honour of the late Maharaja of Mysore the Travancore Legislative Assembly adjourned for half an hour to-day after speeches by Party leaders and leading members paying tribute to the late Maharaja and requesting the President to convey the condolences and sympathy of the House to the Mysore Royal House.—A.P.

Sir Vijaya's Tribute

(From A Correspondent.)

BENARES, August 4.

Sir Vijaya of Vizianagram in a statement to the Press on the demise of the Maharaja of Mysore says that the late ruler was not only loved but worshipped by his people and that the country needed more Princes of that type.

"Staunch Friend Of Br. Empire"

LONDON, Aug. 5.

The "Times" devotes an eulogistic leader to the Maharaja of Mysore.

The "Times" says, "The death robs India too soon of a remarkable ruler and the British Empire of a staunch attractive friend. The Maharaja and his father, by promoting constitutional reform and encouraging the spread of education, by bringing the latest inventions of science to bear upon agriculture and industry, set the standard for all brother Princes and in many respects even for British India."—Reuter.

MADRAS GOVERNOR'S SYMPATHY

MADRAS Aug. 5.

The Private Secretary to H. E. the Governor sent telegram to the Resident in Mysore conveying His Excellency's sincerest sympathies and those of the Hon'ble Lady Hope to the family of his late Highness."—A.P.

PLANTERS' SYMPATHY.

COONOOR, August 5

A touching reference was made by Mr. E. H. Francis, President at the Planters' Conference this afternoon to the death of the Maharajah of Mysore. He said that the late Maharajah was known personally to many of their members and was greatly esteemed by them all. His death was an irreparable loss to Mysore and also to India. —A. P.

LOSS TO WHOLE OF INDIA.

SALEM, August, 5.

Mr. C. Vijiaraghavachariar, ex President of the Congress and All-India Hindu Mahasabha, who was a personal friend of the late Maharajah of Mysore, paying a tribute to him says: "He was a moral sovereign and a moral human being. In every way his death is a great loss not only to Mysore but to the whole of India."—A. P.

Travancore Diwan's Posers For Mahatma

Hurls Amazing Slur On Gandhiji: "Harijan" Article Dubbed As "Want Of Balance And Moderation"

TRIVANDRUM, Aug. 5.

"I have never asserted that India or any other nation has no right either to self-determination or independence when and if self-determination and independence can be asserted on the basis of righteousness and unity; but to ask that an unarmed India should discard even Dominion Status and protection of British forces but should demand Independence, is to pursue a mirage and cling to the illusion that the doctrine of non-violence can be carried into effect in a world full of violence", said Sir C. P. Ramaswami Aiyar, Dewan-President, Travancore Legislative Assembly, to-day with reference to a notice of an adjournment motion which sought to discuss Gandhiji's recent article in the "Harijan" with regard to sovereign of Indian States and its implications and also the article in a Madras newspaper on "Indian States and Independence."

Sir Ramaswami Aiyar said that "the present thesis of Gandhiji is that the States should ignore their Treaties, forget their loyal obligations arising from protection granted to them in the past and claimable in future from the British Government and rely on the promises of organisation which declared open warfare against their ideals and should work for an independence which would not be worth a moment's purchase."

NOT SO SIMPLE OR FOOLISH

Continuing Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Aiyar said: "Rulers and administrators of Indian States are as patriotic as any member of the Congress or its retired leader. They are neither so simple nor so foolish as to believe that they can protect themselves in the present and safeguard themselves and their country in future by following the path neither the direction nor the destination of which is comprehended. Those who talk of independence apparently treat it as co-existing with British protection and position of vantage which enable them to build up a new order and in passing destroy the individuality and status of Indian States."

"The sense of disappointment and frustration on the part of Gandhiji whose advice and whose philosophy had been set aside by his own followers is evidently responsible for want of balance and moderation which characterises his latest production," added the Diwan-President.

POSERS FOR MAHATMA

Speaking with reference to "Irrefutable Facts," the Dewan recapitulated the history of Travancore's alliance with England by Treaties and declared: "At no time was Travancore conquered and in reply to Gandhiji and Dr. Katju it might be stated that the Treaties were on the basis of two Sovereign States contracting with each other, one of which no doubt was more powerful than the other and obtained favourable terms."

He asked: "Is it asserted that on account of lapse of time and other circumstances these Treaties have cease to operate? Is it contended that on account of lapse of time the British Government cannot demand payment of tribute which was fixed on an express promise to protect Travancore from foreign enemies? Is it suggested that without entering into or being able to carry out such a guarantee, the Congress or any other political entity should assume hegemony over the States?"

Sir Ramaswami Aiyar summed up Mahatma Gandhi's present statement as meaning in effect: "India's claim (meaning thereby the claim of certain political bodies) will become irresistible and the British guarantee will be futile. The States should, therefore, not rely upon the treaties but upon friendship with Congress which incidentally has stated that the States have practically no right to exist and that the rulers should regard themselves as entitled to no more than two to three hundred rupees monthly." Sir Ramaswami Aiyar quoted the "Harijan" of July 13 in support of this summary of Mahatma Gandhi's position.

Following Sir Ramaswami Aiyar's statement Mr. Janardhanam Pillai and Vaikom Ramakrishna Pillai, who had given notice of adjournment motions, withdrew them.—A.P.

Unrest In Syria

GRAVE ECONOMIC SITUATION

The "Daily Herald's" Jerusalem correspondent cables:—

General Fougere, whom Marshal Petain has chosen to succeed General Mittelhauser as French Commander-in-Chief in Syria, declares that his paramount idea is to maintain the French Government's status in Syria and internal order. But a brief glance at the situation reveals plenty of attendant dilemmas.

For example, funds from France stopped with the armistice. The army is being maintained only by advances from the National Bank of Syria. These advances cannot be squeezed out much longer without recourse to inflation, causing further hardships to the people.

EBBING PRESTIGE.

Such action would also still further reduced French prestige, which is already at a low ebb. While his predecessor awaits court-martial for his hesitation in recognising the Petain Government's capitulation, General Fougere is making an entirely new disposition of the army and its stores. He is concentrating strong forces on the northern and southern frontiers of Syria. Staff officers are being replaced by others from France.

GRAVE ECONOMIC SITUATION.

At the same time the steady deterioration in the economic situation is gravely worrying the civil administration. The stoppage of overseas trade is hamstringing business. Prices have arisen, sometimes to double and treble of what they were. Sugar, rice and coffee are particularly short. The shrinkage in imports has caused a big decrease in the Government's revenues which came principally from customs duties.

As a result ruthless economies will have to be made. Public works will be the first victims. They include a partly completed irrigation scheme near Tripoli and a scheme for water supply to houses. Both had been intended to speed up the country's food production. Other measures contemplated are a fifty per cent reduction in official salaries, and the replacement of many French officers by Syrians at cheaper rates.

Syrians are themselves bewildered, uneasy and restless, like a child in ominous darkness. The Beirut sea front, which once recalled Nice, is subdued. Cafes are musicless, cabarets closed, Aleppo and Tripoli, which have for so long been hoping to regain their ancient privileges and perquisites as Asia's doorkeepers, are now concerned mainly with tomorrow's bread.

British prestige has risen everywhere. Although the German and Italian radio services are heard more attention is paid to the British and Palestine services. Frenchmen are also keen listeners. Even Syrian elements which were formerly impressed by the might of the Axis Powers are beginning to see that their own salvation is dependent on a British victory. And they do not hesitate to say so.

JUTE WORKERS ARRESTED

Howrah Mill Strike And Its Sequel

CALCUTTA, August 5.

Several workers of the Ganges Jute Mill, Howrah, were arrested to-day on a charge of alleged riotous behaviour.

It is stated that the weavers of the mill numbering about 450 struck work in the morning, following a disagreement with the management and the entire mill had as a result to be closed. The strikers were then alleged to have attempted to rush the gates of two other adjoining mills with a view to bring out the workers there, but the police intervened and dispersed them. In the melee stones were alleged to have been hurled at the police, who thereupon arrested several of the strikers.

The situation is now quiet and the area is under police guard.—A. P.

Heavy Casualties In Dacca Mail Disaster

ENGINE AND BOGIES FALL INTO A DITCH

34 Killed And 88 Injured: Railway Authorities Allege Sabotage

CALCUTTA, August 5.

The Dacca-Calcutta Mail derailed somewhere between Chaudanga and Jairampur, about 70 miles from Calcutta early this morning, according to information received here.

The General Manager of the Eastern Bengal Railway has proceeded to the scene of accident with a relief train.

The Dacca-Calcutta Mail was, it is recalled, involved in a serious accident in March last year near about the same place resulting in the death of 26 persons and injuries to many more.

THE ENGINE AND THREE BOGIES ARE REPORTED TO HAVE BEEN DERAILED AND CAPSIZED INTO A DITCH.

The latest figure of dead comes to 34, which includes a member of the Bengal Legislative Council.

The accident occurred at 3-35 this morning and immediately the District Medical Officer, the Assistant Medical Officer and the Executive Engineer at Kanchrapara left for the scene of accident with a relief train.

The General Manager also proceeded to the place immediately on receipt of information from Calcutta.

The ill-fated train left Goalanda at 10-45 p. m. last night and was due to arrive here at 5-32 a. m. this morning.

3 Relief Trains Rushed

In addition to the Darjeeling mail, which is already on the scene of accident and carrying on transhipment work, three relief trains from Calcutta have also been sent to the place and the Traffic Manager and the Chief Medical Officer with District Medical Officers from Kanchrapara and Calcutta have already arrived at the place.

A parcel clerk of the train, Mr. Dwijen Chakraverty, and Crewman, N. C. Mookherji, were among those killed and another Crewman S. S. Ghose, was among those injured, according to the latest bulletin received from the scene of the accident.

Most of the killed and injured are believed to be third class passengers as it is understood that the three coaches which capsized were carrying these passengers.

Official Communique

In an official communique issued by the East Bengal Railway on the Dacca-Calcutta Mail accident this morning, it is stated that the accident is reported to have been caused by the removal of the rail from the track.

The communique adds: "About 2-50 a.m. this morning the Eight Down Dacca Mail while approaching Jairampore station on the main line, 80 miles from Calcutta, was derailed. The engine and three leading bogies went down the bank and a further three boies were derailed.

The Chief Medical Officer, the Assistant Traffic Superintendent, reached the site of accident at 5 a.m. and attended to the injured.

The first relief train with food vendors, medical and other equipments arrived at the scene at 5-59 a.m.

The second relief train with the Chief Engineer and the Traffic Manager and District Officers arrived at the scene at 8 a.m.

The "up line" was cleared at about 5-30 a.m.

The injured travelling by the Darjeeling Mail are expected to arrive at Calcutta about 1-30 this afternoon.

The accident is reported to have been caused by the removal of the rail from the track

The "down line" will be restored to traffic as soon as the debris is cleared."

Report received from Chaudanga at about 1 p.m. gives the number of the injured as 70.

About 55 of the injured and the bodies of three of those killed are being brought here by the Darjeeling Mail, which is expected to arrive at about 2 p.m.

List Of Injured Persons

The names of the following injured persons have so far been available:—

Sheik Ali Sheik, workman (Golanda)—slightly injured.

(2) Abdul son of Mazdur Rahman of (Rangpur)—seriously injured.

(3) Keshar Lal Bose, son of Srinath Bose (Faridpur) seriously injured. His wife was also with him. She has not yet been traced.

(4) Abdul Aziz, son of Majan Aziz (he had two companions travelling with him who have not yet been traced).

(5) Gomez, son of Gomez (Dacca)—injury on forehead.

(6) Jotindra Nath Kar, son of Prabatinath Kar, 5 Hindustan Park, Calcutta—seriously injured;

(7) Mohammad Abdul Kader of Moradabad (U.P.)—injury on the skull.

(8) Basiruddin (Dacca) slightly injured.

(9) Nitya Gopal Das, son of Tarak Chandra Das (Faridpur)—slightly injured.

(10) Kabiruddin, son of the late Abdulla of Dacca—injury in the leg.

(11) Sunil Chandra Mazumdar, son of Mr. U. C. Mazumdar, I.C.S., District Judge (Faridpur)—multiple injuries.

M. L. A.'S IN TRAIN

The Darjeeling Mail which reached the scene soon after the accident arrived at Sealdah station at 2-5 p.m. with 55 of the passengers injured and bodies of three of those killed.

Three other injured passengers, whose condition was reported to be serious, were detrained at Kanchrapara and removed to the railway hospital there.

The train also brought a number of passengers who escaped injuries including Khan Bahadur Fazlul Rahman, Mr. Aulat Hossain and Mr. Abdul Latif Biswas. All members of the Bengal Assembly belonging to the Coalition Party.

M. L. C. KILLED.

Raj Saheb Indu Bhusan Sarker, a member of the Bengal Legislative Council is among those killed according to the latest official report received here.

Bodies of 27 of those killed, including that of the Raj Saheb, have been brought to Calcutta, while five are yet to be extricated from the debris.

SEVEN BODIES IDENTIFIED.

Those killed also include Mr. P. B. Ghosh, (25), a technical assistant of the Calcutta Station of All-India Radio, who was coming from Dacca.

Of the 27 bodies brought to Calcutta, only seven have so far been identified and these will be handed to the relatives of the deceased after medical examination and after they have been photographed. The unidentified bodies, which include those of five women and two children, are now being kept at Sealdah Station yard and will be removed to the morgue late in the evening for post mortem examination.

TOLL OF DEATH MOUNTS UP

Two of the injured, including fireman Gwyther, who were removed to hospitals in Calcutta have since died. This brings the total number of dead to 34.

Gwyther, it is stated, was also the fireman of the Dacca Mail which was involved in a collision at Majdia, near Chaudanga, in April last year, when he had escaped unhurt

UPPER CLASS TRAVELLERS INVOLVED.

It is learnt that one of the three bogies which capsized was composed of first and second class coaches. This bogie, however, did not go down the embankment.

Mr. N. Paul, of the Forest Service, and Mrs. Paul and Sunil Majumdar, son of the District Judge of Faridpur, were occupying the first class coach. Majumdar received multiple injuries, while Mr. and Mrs. Paul escaped unhurt and were taken out of the compartment by members of the rescue party.

The second class coach was occupied by Khan Saheb Fazlul Rahman, M.L.A., and Khan Saheb Dr. Maizuddin Ahmed, none of whom received injuries.

Among those present at the station to receive the injured were Mr. L. P. Misra, General Manager of the E. B. Railway, the Maharaja of Cossimbazar, Minister for Works and Communications.

The St. John Ambulance attached to the Calcutta police removed the stretcher cases from the train to the fleet of ambulances which were waiting outside Sealdah station.

MIRACULOUS ESCAPES.

There are stories of miraculous escapes by passengers, who themselves cannot explain how they have arrived safe in limb and body.

Among these were Mr. and Mrs Paul who were travelling in a first class carriage. Mr. Paul is a forest officer in the service of the Government of Bengal. When the accident occurred the engine rolled off the embankment, with the front breakvan, which incidentally remained intact. The second and third carriages were reduced to matchwood, the fourth remained intact and the fifth had its wheels blown off. Mr. and Mrs. Paul were behind the carriages which capsized and found themselves under a carriage which had been reduced to matchwood. They were able to extricate themselves easily.

Interviewed by a press representative Mr Paul said that it was a terrible impact. He and his wife were asleep at the time and did not know what had happened "We have had a miraculous escape" said Mr. Paul.

Mr. Fazlul Rahman M.L.A. also had a similar escape. The bogie in which he was travelling would appear to have been stopped by some protrusion from a culvert and thus was saved.

The Divisional Superintendent, E. B. Railway at Sealdah, in a press communique states that the number of casualties is now 90 injured and 28 dead in addition to those under the debris, still to be cleared. Fifty-nine of the injured are being detained in the hospital, including six railway employees and some with minor injuries.

The number of the dead whose bodies are yet to be cleared from the debris is according to the latest report received here four.

B. P. C. C. MEMBER'S FATE.

Three more bodies brought to Sealdah station have since been identified as those of Satindra Nath Mitra (of Outshai, Dacca.) Suresh Chandra Chakraborty (Mymensingh) and Gopal Chandra Mookherjee (of Pabna Satsang.)

Satindra Nath Mitra, (32), was one of the first batch of students passing the M. Com Examination of Calcutta University and was an assistant in one of the Calcutta Banks, while Suresh Chandra Chakraborty was a member of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee.

Railway Board's Sympathy

A Simla communique says: The following message of sympathy has been telegraphed to the General Manager, Eastern Bengal Railway:—

"The Hon. Member for Railways and the Rilway Board deeply regret to hear of the serious accident to eight down mail to-day and request you to convey to the relatives of those killed and to the injured their most sincere sympathy."

H. E. Sir John Herbert, Governor of Bengal has also sent a message of sympathy to the General Manager of the E. B. Railway.

M. L. A. DESCRIBES HIS MIRACULOUS ESCAPE

CALCUTTA, Aug. 5.

A graphic description of the derailment was given by Mr. Fazlul Rahman, M.L.A., who had a miraculous escape. He was in the first bogie to be saved.

Mr. Rahman said: "Khan Saheb Dr. Maizuddin Ahmed and myself were travelling in a second class compartment, being the fifth from the engine. We were all asleep. Suddenly the train lurched and a shrieking noise woke us up. We tried to get out of the compartment, but found the doors jammed. It was dark. I came out through the window, lighted by a torchlight which one of my co-passengers produced. Dr. Maizuddin was helped out by another fellow passenger, a Sub-Divisional Collector. We found that the bogie to which our bogie was attached was fixed between the two ends of the culvert which was damaged. The bogie behind ours was the mail van which was intact. The one before us, a combined first and second class coach, was found in an inclined position off the rails. One Mr. Paul and his family were in this bogie. Mr. Paul's wife and son were helped out of the train with difficulty. The two third class bogies previous to Mr. Paul's coach was completely smashed as well as the brake van and a small third class compartment attached to the engine.

"The engine was off the rails and was lying on the slope."

Relief, added Mr. Rahman, came at about 6-35 in the morning. During this time, Dr Maizuddin gave first aid to the injured. With the arrival of relief trains with railway doctors and staff, the administration began to look after the injured.

Mr. Rahman found 25 dead and more than 60 injured. Towards the morning, his attention was drawn to bolts and nuts of a fish plate of one of the rails on which the train was running, lying scattered on the ground.

Concluding, Mr. Rahman recalled the earlier disaster in April, 1939, when also he escaped unhurt.—A.P.

ONE POLICY AND ONE AIM

Madras Governor On Winning War

COONOOR, August 5.

"Whatever our policy may be on politics, religion or constitutional problems in this country, the only thing that really matters is the prosecution of war and the final victory which we have got to win" declared H. E. the Governor at the opening of the 47th annual general meeting of the United Planters' Association this afternoon.

His Excellency continued. "If the war was lost there would be no future for us and we would be here in this country as in England, like the people of Europe who are at present slaves. You will see that the day will come when Germany and Hitler will be crushed and we can look forward to a happier and peaceful existence in the years to come".

NEW 3 P. C. 1946 DEFENCE BONDS

SIMLA, August 5.

A communique says: Subscriptions to the new three per cent 1946 Defence Bonds on Friday, August 2, 1940, were as follows:—Cash Rs. 20,83,800; Conversions Rs. 83,65,300; total Rs. 1,04,49,100. Subscriptions for Saturday August 3, 1940 were:

Cash Rs. 31,76,100; Conversions Rs. 1,77,300; total Rs. 33,53,400.

The grand total since the bonds were opened to subscription on August 1, 1940, is Rs. 12,79,96,700.

STUDENT'S SACRIFICE

PATNA.—A stipendiary student of the local Veterinary College has decided to contribute Rs. 5 out of his monthly stipend of Rs. twenty to the War Purposes Fund for the duration of the war.

NEW DELHI.—The Tika Rani of Kapurthala has presented a sum of Rs. 3,850 to the Joint War Committee of the Indian Red Cross Society and St. John Ambulance Association.

Lahore War Planes Fund

LAHORE, Aug. 5.

Rs. 45,000 have so far been subscribed to the Lahore War Planes Fund. This includes a sum of Rs. 30,000 collected in Kasur Tahsil.—A. P.

TOLLYGUNGE CLUB'S GIFT FOR "WAR SERVICES"

CALCUTTA, Aug. 5.

The East India Fund for British War Services has received Rs. 25,000 as donation from the Tollygunge Club.

B. B. & C. I. To Provide First Railway Plane

Remarkable results have followed the appeal of the Agent and General Manager of the B. B. & C. I. Railway to the staff of that Railway to give to the "War Planes for the R. A. F." fund and a sum of more than Rs. 21,000 has been subscribed since the appeal was issued ten days ago.

ADJOURNMENT RULED OUT

CALCUTTA, Aug. 5.

The President of the Bengal Legislative Council (Upper House) disallowed this afternoon an adjournment motion tabled by Mr. Lalit Chandra Das (Congress) to discuss the Dacca Mail disaster.

In a statement on the subject Maharaja Sirish Chandra Nandy, Minister for Works and Communication detailed the reports of the accident he had so far received from a News Agency.—A. P.

Bengal Assembly Adjourned

CALCUTTA, Aug. 5.

When the Bengal Legislative Assembly met this afternoon, the Speaker, referred to the Dacca Mail accident and said that they had been shocked to hear the news. He conveyed the sympathies of the House to the members of the families of the dead and injured.

The Home Minister, Sir Nazimuddin, said that a sitting member of the Upper House had died in the accident and he thought it was desirable that they should adjourn.

The Speaker then adjourned the House till to-morrow.—A. P.

HOARDING WILL LEAD TO DISASTER

(Continued from page 8)

amount of support to the Government security market in order to prevent comparatively small sales from unduly depressing prices. There was, however, very little selling and the bullion markets continued their activities unperturbed, though the unfavourable war news might have been expected to lead to hoarding of the precious metals.

The most noticeable reactions were in respect of the outflow of coin.

After referring to the mad rush for hoarding silver rupees culminating in the issue of one-rupee notes, Sir James Taylor said:—

TRADE PARALYSED.

The evil effects of hoarding are not, however, limited merely to the inconvenience of those who effect small transactions in the market great though the hardship is to the poorer classes of the community.

The withdrawal of more than forty crores of value from the credit structure of the country and its locking up in useless metal has undoubtedly been one of the most important contributory factors to the dislocation in the upcountry bazaar trade on which the prosperity of the country so largely depends. If dealers are not prepared to take up their usual stocks of commodities, piecegoods, sugar and the like but lock away their money in widespread and disastrous. Prices must slump and trade come to a standstill.

I need not take this occasion to reassure you about the inherent strength of our reserves which has been frequently set out in the press and is open for any observer to study week after week as it appears in our published statements, but in the long run the surest remedy must be restoration of confidence and commonsense; confidence that the enemy attack is being held and that he must eventually succumb, and commonsense in the eventualy realisation that whatever may be happening in the outside world normal business in India should be disturbed as little as possible.

FOREIGN TRADE BALANCE.

In spite of these serious setbacks, India's foreign trade balance was very favourable throughout the half-year and the Reserve Bank was able to purchase more than £42 million during that period. A certain amount of this represented proceeds of the dollars which we acquired either through licences for the export of gold or for the export of commodities such as jute to the United States and which the British Government "bought from us for sterling", so that the dollars could be used for the purchase of munitions, the need for which became continually more urgent as the year went on and as the pace of hostilities on the Western front increased. The assistance thus given has been gratefully recognised by them and its importance as a factor in the common effort can hardly be overestimated. When munitions have to be paid for in cash and not in credit, ready assets become more than proportionately valuable. With the expansion of India's own war effort, too, an increasing amount of that foreign exchange will be required for India's own purposes, particularly for the equipment of factories to enable munitions to be manufactured here, factories which even after the conclusion of hostilities will remain assets of the country in so far as they can be converted to peace time needs.

INDIA'S GOLD IN INDIA.

Shortly after the conclusion of the period under report also, we took steps to repatriate that portion of the gold in our Issue Department which was held on our account by the Bank of England by taking over an equivalent amount of gold from the stocks held by us on account of the Bank of England here. The position now is, therefore, that all our gold is held in India in our own custody.

In addition, we were able to make considerable acquisitions of India's sterling debt, the purchases effected during the half-year amounting to approximately £24 million. The permanent benefits which these will confer on this country are obvious to require explanation but the procedure presents problems which require careful watching. While it is desirable to repatriate sterling debt as rapidly as possible, there is the danger that too rapid purchases may lead to an undue inflation in prices. The securities have also to be held by Government or passed on to the market and this requires a careful balancing of factors. It is not desirable to force them on the market particularly at a time of general nervousness, or the price of gilt-edged securities in this country might be adversely affected and the prospects of India's war loans prejudiced. On the other hand, it is undesirable that Government should have to keep too large a proportion locked up on its own account. Fortunately the inherent strength of India's financial position is such that these problems have been met without any serious repercussions on the market and there seems to be no reason to anticipate that we will not be able to continue to make substantial repatriations on behalf of Government.

Taking everything into consideration, therefore, even though conditions are serious and undue optimism is to be deprecated, I cannot help feeling that we are over the worst and that India with its sound banking and financial structure, actively developing its war resources in co-operation with the rest of the Empire, which is also growing stronger daily, can look forward with confidence to the ultimate outcome.

BELATED ACTION

Mr. Shamdasani, one of the share-holders of the Bank in the course of a lengthy speech, criticised what he described the belated action of Government in the matter of meeting the serious situation created by hoarding.

Referring to the present rupee notes Mr. Shamdasani said that it would enhance the prestige of Government if the heading "rupee coin" in the weekly statements of the Issue Department of the Bank was divided into two sub-headings as: "Rupee Coin (silver) and Rupee Coin (paper).

Mr. Shamdasani asked whether the operations of the Reserve Bank in increasing the sterling securities from Rs. 5,95,011,000 on the 1st of September, 1939 to Rs. 1,31,50,11,000 on 30th June, 1940 as cover for Note issue in preference to gold were to India's advantage.

The Governor of the Reserve Bank in reply stated that the rupee being linked with sterling and in view of India's overseas debts being sterling it was desirable that the Bank's sterling reserves should be built.

Prof. Davar in the course of a brief speech critised Mr. Shamdasani for raising irrelevant issues.

Ban On Volunteers

Dr. P. S. Nair, Captain, Bombay National Guards writes:—

The Ordinance issued by the Government of India virtually banning the existence of all volunteer corps does not in any way seem to be a wise move on their part. The ban falls on all volunteer organisations irrespective of their aims and objects or mode of training. One could understand, if the ban is directed against the movements whose aims seem to be to overthrow the existing regime by violent methods. Even volunteer corps organised to protect one community against another, could also be of some trouble. But volunteer corps like the Congress Seva Dal, and other allied organisations are pledged to non-violence and are standing for all communities. It is beyond my comprehension to think of them as a menace to public safety and tranquility as alleged in the Ordinance.

The Congress volunteers trained and pledged to non-violence, as they are, would have been a source of great help to the country, if there is any disorder.

Now the ban falls on all good and useful and bad and harmful alike. I hope that the Government of India will reconsider their decision regarding Congress and other allied volunteer organisations.

WHITEHALL ANNOUNCEMENT

Will Fail To Meet Congress Demand?

LONDON, Aug. 5.

British Government's announcement on India may be expected shortly.

It is understood that the proposals, in which the Premier has taken personal interest, make some move towards Indian opinion.

They still, however, concentrate on the problem of minorities and fail to meet the demand of the Congress for independence. But, for appointment to H. E. the Viceroy's Executive Council a number of representative Indian leaders may be suggested.—United Press.

VICEROY INVITES JINNAH

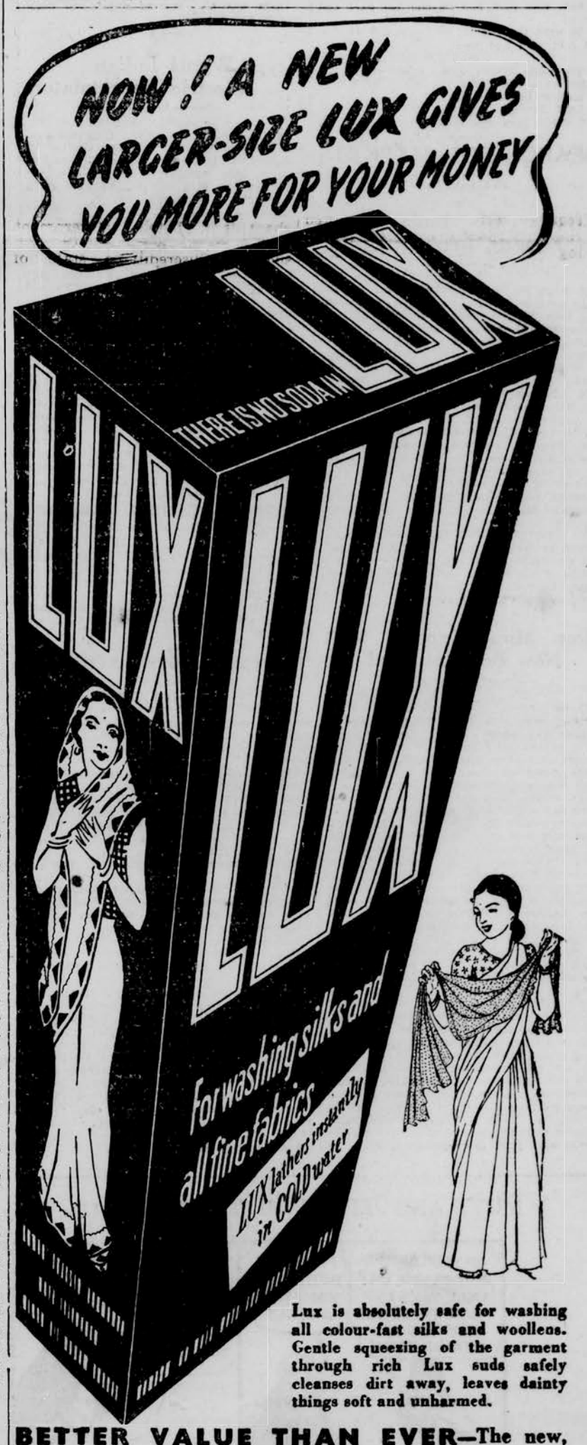
Meeting In Bombay On Aug. 12

POONA, August 5.

The "United Press" authoritatively learns that His Excellency the Viceroy has invited Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, to see him on August 12 next at Bombay.

It is understood Mr. Jinnah has accepted the invitation.—United Press.

Malik Damsaz Khan, a military contractor, Bannu, has donated Rs. 3,000 in furtherance of war efforts and has promised to pay Rs. 1,000 half yearly for the duration of war.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LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED

NEW YORK COTTON TWO POINTS DOWN

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1940

	New York, Aug 5
Previous closing	9.41
To-day's opening	9.38
Difference	—03
To-day's closing	9.39
Difference	—02

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach July August 1/40	Rs. 173-0
Broach April May 1941	Rs. 190-8

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1940

	Liverpool, Aug 5
Previous closing	7.20
To-day's opening	7.19
Difference	—01
To-day's closing	7.16
Difference	—04

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Aug 5.

The New York cotton was slightly easier following discouraging overseas cables which brought in outside selling and hedging but latter the sentiment improved somewhat on local and trade support.

The trading in October began at 9.38 i.e. three points lower than the last closing. Prices declined on increased liquidation, outside pressure with some hedging but thereafter local and trade enquiry appeared with October rallying to 9.41.

The following were opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange :—

October 9.41/41
December 9.30/30
March 9.09/09

LONDON COMMODITIES

SEEDS

London, Aug 5

Castorseeds Aug/Sept (£17 3/4) £17 3/4
Linseed Bombay Calcutta Aug/Sept (£16 8/9) £16 5/6
Linseed La Plata Aug/Sept (Unquoted) Unquoted
Groundnuts Coromandal Aug/Sept (£15 5/8) £15 3/9

JUTES

Dundee August (£33) £33
Lightning August (£30) £30

RUBBER

Spot (13d paid and buyers) 13d paid and value
Forward Oct/Dec (12 5/8d paid and buyers) 12 8/8d paid and value

METALS.

Tin (£265 buyers, £265 1/4 sellers. Easier) £265 3/4 buyers, £266 1/4 sellers. Steady.
Electric Copper (£62) £62
Lead Foreign Cash (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (123 sh.) 123 sh.

SEARCH FOR MARKETS ABROAD

Efforts Of India Govt. Experts In America

SIMLA, Aug 5

A study of the American market for Indian goods and of the possibilities of obtaining from America some of India's war requirements is at present being made on behalf of the Government of India.

Mr. F. Tymms, Director of Civil Aviation, is in America to arrange for the purchase of plant, machinery, machine tools, aircraft and other war essentials for India; while Sir David Meek, Indian Trade Commissioner in London, and Dr. T. E. Gregory, Economic Adviser to the Government of India, are also there to investigate the prospects of finding alternative markets for a large range of Indian products hitherto sent to the Continental markets.

Indian export trade with the Continent amounted before the war to Rs. thirty crores annually.

Sir David Meek and Dr. Gregory are expected to make a report in time to enable the Government of India to place the first results of the enquiry before the Export Advisory Council when it meets in Bombay early in September.—A. P.

How Mica Exports Will Now Be Controlled

SIMLA, Aug 5

Changes in the system of controlling exports of mica from India are announced in a press note which says:

For purposes of export, mica has now been divided into three classes, namely, higher grade munitions mica, lower grade munitions mica and non-munitions mica.

The arrangements for the inspection of non-munitions mica at present in force in Bihar will also apply to lower grade munitions mica and have been extended to Madras where the inspection and certification of mica will be done by the Government Examiner of Mica, Madras, at Gudur.

No exports of any class of mica will be permitted to any European country other than the United Kingdom or to Asiatic Russia. Licenses for the export to the United Kingdom of any of the three categories will be issued without restriction, and shipments allowed, at any of the ports in India whether or not the consignments have been previously inspected by the Government Mica Inspector Examiner. Duly certified consignments of lower grade munitions mica and of non-munitions mica will be licensed for export to Canada and Australia and also to the United States of America, while only duly certified consignments of non-munitions mica will be allowed to be exported to other destinations. Licenses for exports to countries other than the United Kingdom will be granted by the Export Trade Controllers at Calcutta and Madras and shipments will be allowed only from those ports.—A. P.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Aug 5

Previous closing	3.87 3/4
To-day's opening	3.89

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Aug 5

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, Aug 5

T T London on Paris not quoted.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Aug 5

The following are the opening quotations :—

General Motors (dol 45 3/4) dol 45 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining (unquoted) dol 20 1/2
U S Steel Common (dol 53 1/2) dol 53 1/2
U S Steel Preference (Unquoted) Unquoted

LONDON SILVER CABLE

London, Aug 5

The following cable was received from London :—

Bears covered. Selling not much. Business small. Market steady.

LONDON SILVER

London, Aug 5

Spot (22 5/16d) 22 1/2d +3/16
Forward (22 1/16d) 22 1/4d +3/16

LONDON GOLD

London, Aug 5

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Aug 5

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02-50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay (unquoted) unquoted
New York on Bombay (30.32) 30.32
New York on Milan (unquoted) unquoted
London on Shanghai (0-3 11/16 to 0-4 1/16) 0-3 1/2 to 0-4
London Kobe (1-2 1/2 to 1-3) 1-2 1/2 to 1-3

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent
6 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay, Aug 5

There was no trading during the night session.

Egypt Wants Indian Electric Accumulators

SIMLA, Aug 5

An enquiry for the supply from India of two thousand to three thousand electric accumulators of automobile or similar type was received from Egypt.

A reply has been sent stating that India can supply these articles.—A. P.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

MADRAS, Aug 5

Business in the local Stock Exchange was fairly active and Government Securities and Banks were firm. Textiles remained steady, and a small business resulted in the Planting shares. Amongst miscellaneous shares, Indian Irons and Steel Corporations were slightly easier, whilst Indian Steel Rollings remained firm.

Exchange transactions from 12 noon 3rd to 12 noon 5th instant.

Kaleeswarar Mills 257/8; Pankaja Mills 87; Parkside ordy 14 small lot; Travancore Rubbers 5/12; Nellithanam Rubber 5/12 small lot; Ayer Manis Preference 78; Fringford Tea 6; Mysore Paper 11/7; Mysore Chemicals and Fertilizers 11/4; A V Thomas 10; Indian Steel Rolling Ordinary 7/2; Preference 9/2.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

KARACHI, Aug 5

Cotton Sind January 16/11/6; Punjab January 14/3; FFFF January 21/4/6; Tone: dull. Wheat September 27/10/3; November 28/4/6; Tone: Dull. Gram September 30/5; November 30/14; Toria September 35/12; November 36/11/3; Cottonseed September 22/3/6; January 19/4.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, Aug 5

The market opened quiet after the weekend and only a limited number of transactions was put through all-round. Government securities on the other hand kept quite but steady.

The following were the closing quotations:

Government securities: 3 per cent Government Paper 78/2; 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper 90/2; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 104/10; 5 per cent loan 1940-43 100/6 small lot; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 110 small lots; 3 per cent I P Bonds 1952 95/10.

Banks: Imperial fully paid 1460; Reserve 99/8 ex div.

Railways: Bukhtiarpur Bihar Railway 42; Hoshiarpur Doab Railway 98/8; Sara Serajganj Railway 98 small lot; Shahdara (Delhi) Saharanpur Railway 143/8.

Cotton: Basanti 2/12.

Coal: Equitable 32/4.

Jutes: Delta 407/8 small lots; National 19/8.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 5; Consolidated Tin 3/1; Indian Copper 2; Dalmia Cement pref 85 ct; Bengal Telephone ordy 16; Hukumchand Steel Defd 1/8; Indian Iron and Steel 26/4; Steel Corpn ord 15/1; do pref 100/12 small lot; British India Corpn ordy 4; Do pref 155; Dunlop Rubber ordy 29/2 small lot; do second pref 107 ct small lot; India Paper Pulp 129 small lots; Titaghur Paper pref ordy 4/7; do ordy 14/11; do second pref 107 small odd lots; Champaran 10 small lot.

Tea: Tezpore ordy 7/4.—A. P.

3 1/2 P.C. STERLING LOAN

London, Aug 5

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed unchanged at £91 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Aug 5

The London Stock Exchange was quietly steady.

INDIAN LOANS

London, Aug 5

3 per cent Indian Stocks (£96) £96
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1950/55 (£107) £107
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1958/68 (£109) £109
4 per cent Indian Stocks 1948/53 (£104) £104
5 per cent Indian Stocks 1942/47 (£103 3/4) £103 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1954/58 (£100) £100

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1958/68 (£102) £102

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£72 1/8) £73 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£100 3/8) £100 1/2
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£98 5/8) £98 5/8
4 per cent Funding Loan (£110 7/8) £110 7/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£99 7/8) £100
New War Loan (£100 5/8) £100 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£110 1/8) £110 1/8

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (9-3) 9-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (33-4 1/2) 33-4 1/2
Hydro Electric (No dealings) No dealings
Electric Music Industry (6-0) 6-0
Princhin Johnson (15-0) 15-0
Imperial Chemicals (24-7 1/2) 25-0
Woolsworth New Ordinary (53-6) 54-10 1/2
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1939 (£37 1/4) £38
Dundee Rubber (26-9) 27-3
Unilever Ordinary (19-0) 19-3
Ford Motors (15-3) 15-6
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£39) £40
British American Tobacco Ordinary (73-9) 76-3
Carreas 'A' (£4) £4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (89-4 1/2) 90-7 1/2
P and O Def (16-4 1/2) 16-7 1/2
Distillers (55-9) 55-9
Bredfords Dye (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
British Celanese (4-0) 4-0
J and P Coates Ordinary (26-6) 26-9
Courtaulds Ordinary (26-7 1/2) 27-0
Fine Cotton Spinners (2-10 1/2) 2-10 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (13-1 1/2) 13-1 1/2
Inter Nickel Ordinary (No dealings) No dealings
Indian Iron (39-4 1/2) 39-4 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam (13-9) 14-4 1/2
Donaro Tea (25-0) 25-7 1/2
Empire of India (17-6) 17-6

JUTE

Barnagore (£8) £8

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (15-9) 15-9
Gula Kelampong (15-0) 15-9
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (24-3) 24-3

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (22-6) 22-6
Burma Corporation (7-3) 7-3
Rio Tintos (£5) £5
East Rand Properties (32-6) 32-6
Rand Mines (£5 3/4) £5 7/8

MINE SHARES

Crown (£12 1/4) £12 1/4
Associated Portland Cement (51-3) 51-10 1/2
Trinidad Leaseholds (62-6) 62-6
Sub Nigel (£7 3/4) £7 3/4
Spring Mines Split Shares (18-1 1/2) 18-1 1/2
Union Corporation (£5 5/8) £5 5/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (21-10 1/2) 22-6
Anglo India (29-4 1/2) 29-4 1/2
Burma Oil (43-9) 44-4 1/2
Mexican Eagle (3-10 1/2) 3-10 1/2
Shell Transport (33-1 1/2) 33-1 1/2
Royal Dutch (No dealings) No dealings

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£27 3/4) £28
London Midland Ordinary (£12 1/8) £11 3/4
London North Eastern Def (£1 1/2) £1 1/2
London Southern Def (£10) £9 7/8
London Transport 5 per cent (£11¼) £11¼
London Transport 'C' (£29 1/2) £29 1/2

Indian Lac Cess Committee

RANCHI, August 4.

The Governing Body of the Indian Lac Cess Committee which had been meeting here under the Chairmanship of Mr. P. M. Kharegat, Vice-Chairman of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research, resolved to continue the London Shellac Research Bureau and reached certain provisional conclusions in regard to the personnel, salary and control which will be further considered on receipt of the views of the High Commissioner for India who is being consuited in the matter.

The Governing Body considered a report from the director on the scheme for giving practical aids to plastic moulders and shellac manufacturers.—A. P.

(Continued from col. 5)

does not as such come under the ban.

The power of exemption given to provincial governments is regarded sufficient to enable genuine social service or educational institutions to carry on their beneficent activities unaffected by the ban.

Such institutions can apply to the provincial government concerned and obtain exemption.

Should anomalies arise where the activities of one and the same organisation are exempted in one province, but are banned in another one, it is pointed out the Government of India have suitable powers of co-ordination to correct such a state of things.—A.P.

SATIRANJAN MEMORIAL SHIELD TOURNAMENT

St. Xavier's College 'A' And Y. M. C. A. 'B' Draw: Royal Air Force Surprisingly Beaten

In the Satiranjan Memorial Shield Tournament, two matches were played at the St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel, during the week-end. Playing the first match, the second string of the College registered a surprising victory over the Royal Air Force by three goals to one. Owing to the heavy rains during the week, the ground was turned into a veritable quagmire and therefore scientific football was at a discount. The College boys adapted themselves cleverly to the treacherous condition and administered a rude shock to the hurly rivals.

A KEEN STRUGGLE

The "A" team of the St. Xavier's College and "B" of the Y. M. C. A. fought a hard battle without arriving at a decision. The defensive ranks on both sides proved more resourceful and alert than the attackers. And it was for this reason the match ended inconclusively. If the forwards had resorted to the tactics suitable to the ground conditions, that of wide passing and long-range shots at the goals, they might had better chances of scoring. Dribbling and short passing tactics neutralised most of their efforts. The young men were the first to score but the Collegians managed to wipe out the lead before the call of time.

GOVT. BANS PRIVATE ARMIES

(Continued from page 8)

DIA, ACTING IN CONSULTATION WITH ALL PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENTS, HAVE NOW DECIDED THAT IT IS THEIR DUTY TO IMPOSE A STRONG MEASURE OF CONTROL ON THESE PRACTICES. THEY HAVE, THEREFORE, DECIDED TO ISSUE GENERAL ORDERS UNDER RULES 58 AND 59 OF THE DEFENCE OF INDIA RULES PROHIBITING UNLAWFUL DRILLING WITH OR WITHOUT ARMS AND THE WEARING OF UNOFFICIAL UNIFORMS WHICH BEAR A COLOURABLE RESEMBLANCE TO MILITARY OR OTHER OFFICAL UNIFORMS.

For the present they have no desire to take action against the associations themselves by which these volunteer bodies are maintained. Their object is to prevent those classes of activity which constitute a threat to the public security and tend to undermine the solidarity of the country in a time of war.

Provision is also made in the orders to enable Provincial Governments to exempt from their operation bodies specifically recognised by the Provincial Government as existing for beneficent purposes.

The Government of India believe that the public at large will welcome and support the action which they have decided to take and to enforce and they would emphasise that the Civic Guard must now be regarded as the only popular organization available for the expression of the desire of all people of good intent, irrespective of race, creed, caste or politics, to take their share in preserving public order and to serve their country in the present crisis.

Drilling Banned

The following orders are issued in a "Gazette" Extraordinary today:—

Order under Rule 58 of the Defence of India Rules:

In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-Rule (1) of Rule 58 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to prohibit the performance within British India of any exercise, movement, evolution or drill of a military nature with or without arms or articles capable of being used as arms:—

Provided that the prohibition hereinbefore imposed shall not apply to the performance of any such exercise, movement, evolution or drill.

By members of His Majesty's Naval, Military or Air Forces or of an official police force or of any force constituted under any law for the time being in force in the exercise of their duty as such:

By members of the association commonly known as the Boy Scouts' Association in India or of the association commonly known as the Girl Guides' Association in India in their capacity as such;

Within any province by members in their capacity as such of any organisation specified in an order in writing by the Provincial Government of that province, or

Within the precincts or premises of any Government school or college, or of any school or college recognized by Government in this behalf, by persons whose participation in such exercise, movement, evolution or drill is part of the ordinary curriculum of such school or college.

200 Bodies Affected

It is stated that the ban will affect the activities of bodies which on a rough estimate number some 200 with a membership on paper nearing 200,000.

The intention is explained to be to prevent the spread of communal and sectional organisations with potentialities of serious friction and clash.

The wearing of Gandhi caps or distinctive apparel like Red Shirts or other coloured shirts which have no resemblance to military uniform

(Continued in col. 3)

ITINERARY OF CEYLON TEAM

Indian Cricket Control Board's Plans: Ranji Trophy Matches

An extraordinary general meeting of the Board of Control for Cricket in India was held at the Brabourne Stadium on Sunday.

Dr. P. Subbarayon the President presided.

It was decided that the Ceylon tourists should play first at Madras then at Calcutta, and finally in Bombay, provided, of course, that the itinerary was suitable to them. The meeting decided to ask the Ceylon Association whether they would consider a longer stay in India.

Madras will field a provincial team against the tourists. Bombay an Indian eeven. The Indian eleven will be selected by the provincial associations concerned, and the personnel submitted for the approval of the President of the Board and Dr. H. D. Kanga.

The Board adopted the reports of the meetings of the Umpires' Sub-Committee, the Sub-Committee on Professionalism and the Inter-University Board with minor alterations. The application for separate affiliation to the Board from Kolhapur Sports Association was unanimously rejected.

PATIALA MEMORIAL.

It was announced that a sum of about Rs. 4,200 had so far been collected for the Patiala Memorial Fund.

On the question of appointing umpires for the matches played in the Cricket Championship of India, for the Ranji Trophy it was decided that umpires should be appointed by a sub-committee consisting of the President, the Honorary Secretary and the representative of Madras Cricket Association, in conjunction with the Umpires' Sub-Committee.

DRAW FOR CHAMPIONSHIP MATCHES.

The draw for the Cricket Championship of India is as follows, together with the dates and venues of the first-round matches:—

SOUTH ZONE

Madras v. Mysore, at Bangalore, on November 30 and December 1 and 2.
Central Provinces v. Hyderabad, at Nagpur, on Novemer 30 and December 1 and 2.

EAST ZONE

Bengal v. Bihar, at Jamshedpur, on November 30 and December 1 and 2.
United Provinces v. Central India, at Allahabad, on November 30 and December 1 and 2.

NORTH ZONE

North-West Frontier Provinces v. Northern India at Peshawar, on November 15, 16 and 17.
Southern Punjab v. Delhi, at Patiala on November 15, 16 and 17.

WEST ZONE

Maharashtra v. Bombay, at Poona, on November 8, 9 and 10.
Gujerat v. Baroda, at Ahmedabad, on November 30 and December 1 and 2.
Nawanagar v. Western India States, at Jamnagar on November 8, 9 and 10.
Sind—bye.

Masani To Defend Rutlam Case Accused?

RUTLAM, Aug. 5.

The Rutlam Conspiracy case will come up for hearing on August 19 next before the Session Court, Rutlam.

It is understood that Mr. M. R. Masani will defend the accused persons.—United Press.

You can still buy the world's best watches

Despite the war, stocks of watches made by the world's most notable craftsmen are still maintained by Favre-Leuba. You can still buy a peerless Zenith; a sturdy, accurate Sandow; or any other model in the range.

But you must buy NOW. For while a Favre-Leuba watch will always remain India's best buy, and you will not be asked to pay an anna more than is necessary, prices are likely to trend upwards. So write for a free illustrated catalogue and current price-list now, and make an early choice.

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FAVRE-LEUBA & Co. LTD
BOMBAY ★ CALCUTTA ★ RANGOON

He's got you beat, James!

'Call yourself a negotiator, my lad? Why, you couldn't negotiate a bearer cheque at its Mother Bank while you're in that state of dither.

HE. *Who on earth are you?*

US. That's better, James ... at least you've stopped staring at that frayed cuff of yours and trying to tuck the fringes away.

HE. O, *that! Yes, it does feel awkward as soon as one becomes conscious of it. You're right, an old shirt can be very distracting.*

US. James, James—that shirt is scarcely six months old! Now listen: in a minute or two your sparring partner there will have you agree to what *he* wants, and then you'd better come with us and insure against further business calamity by buying yourself some Cella Shirting ...

HE. O, *no! that's much too expensive!!*

US. Really, James, we can see this miserly, *paisa*-ly spirit ruining a first class negotiator in you. Now, how many lakhs has the big boss there persuaded you to sacrifice on behalf of your firm? And all because you grudge a few extra annas for a shirt! Listen, son, Cella shirts set you up as anybody's sartorial equal, and that counts in a business deal. See, Cella is made of doubled yarns, for double wear: its colours and quiet, distinctive patterns last as long as its well-woven cloth—even at the cuffs, which you agree have lost you this deal.

Cella SHIRTING
A BINNY CLOTH
Look for this Trade Mark on the selvedge.
BANGALORE MILLS
Woollens and Cottons of First Quality

MUTT AND JEFF—Well, That May Be One Way to Get Flat Feet, No Doubt — By BUD FISHER

SO YOUR ARCHES BOTHER YOU, EH? WELL, TAKE OFF YOUR SHOES, I'LL GIVE YOU AN EXAMINATION!
MY FEET BOTHER ME SOMETHING AWFUL!
NOW STAND ON THIS PEDIAL GRAPH! FIRST WITH YOUR LEFT FOOT THEN YOUR RIGHT!
OH, DEAR!
HM-THAT'S BAD! BOTH FEET COMPLETELY FLAT! TELL ME, DO YOU DO MUCH WALKING?
NO! MOST OF THE DAY I SIT RIGHT HERE AT MY DESK!
GOSH, DOC. WHAT'LL I DO?
GET YOURSELF A LIGHTER SECRETARY!
JEFF THE CHIROPODIST
JEFF THE CHIROPODIST

For the Blood, Veins, Arteries and Heart

Elasto
REGISTERED
The Wonder Tablet

Take It—and Stop Limping!

LEG aches and pains soon vanish when Elasto is taken. Painful, swollen (varicose) veins are restored to a healthy condition, skin troubles clear up, leg wounds become clean and healthy and quickly heal, inflammation and irritation are soothed, piles disappear, rheumatism simply fades away, and the whole system is braced and strengthened. This is not magic, *although the relief does seem magical*; it is the natural result of revitalised blood and improved circulation brought about by Elasto, *the tiny tablet with wonderful healing powers.*

Write NOW for interesting Booklet explaining this new science of Natural Healing—*and make the discovery of a lifetime!* or we will send you V.P.P. a supply of Elasto with Booklet enclosed. Prices Rs. 2 and 3-12-0 (double quantity) on request.

The Agent, Elasto (Dept. 6H), P.O. Box 258, Bombay.

(1.1138)

Does face powder cause enlarged pores?

Ever since women started using face powder they have wanted to know the truth about powder and enlarged pores. Now skin specialists have settled the question once and for all. There's not the slightest fear of enlarged pores, they say, *provided your powder contains no materials that swell when moistened.* You see, tiny grains of powder lodge in the mouths of pores. If these swell while absorbing the moisture of the skin they force open the pores, which become permanently enlarged. But with Coty "Air Spun" Powder, there's not the slightest risk of this. It is guaranteed to contain no materials that swell.

Tiny grains of Powder easily lodge in nose pores. If these grains swell when moistened, notice how the pores are forced open and enlarged. This can't happen with Coty "Air Spun" Powder.

MORE SUBTLE SHADES

The "Air Spun" process gives you many subtle shades that can't be got in ordinary powder. Ask to see the full Coty "Air Spun" range —particularly fashionableRachel and Naturelle.

Coty "AIR SPUN"

Price Lists on application.

Sole Agents for Coty (England) Ltd.
M. G. Shahani & Co., Karachi.

C.43

Cotton Loan Announcement After Bureau Report

TRADE BUYING AND HEDGING

Absence Of Speculative Enthusiasm

BOMBAY, August 5.

On Saturday the New York Cotton Market was again quiet awaiting the Cotton Loan announcement which is expected after the publication of the Bureau report on Thursday the 8th inst.

The market is expecting Bureau report around 113,00,000 Bales.

Weather during the week was favourable for the progress of the American cotton crop. There is more inclination to await European developments and while huge defence expenditure is believed to be followed by inflation, Government controls and increase in Taxation are checking speculative enthusiasm.

NEW YORK MARKET

On Saturday the New York market opened steady. There was scattered trade and Wall Street demand which absorbed hedging and Southern selling. The market was very thin and prices hardly moved within a range of 2 points.

Distant months were relatively steady owing to attractive price as next July is about 70 pts below October.

October opened unchanged at 9.40 and declined one point at 9.39 which was the lowest level. Later there was slightly improved buying and October advanced to 9.41 which was the highest level. The market closed at a net rise of 1 to 5 pts. Spot cotton price declined 2 pts at 10.36c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet but steady with a restricted business and closed at a rise of 2 to 3 pts. Spot cotton price was unchanged at 10.30c per lb.

The Liverpool cotton market was closed on Saturday.

NEW YORK WEEKLY REVIEW

Trading continues restricted due to uncertainties over crop loan and the forthcoming Bureau report. However, a temporary spurt of trade buying coincident with a sudden revival in the cotton goods market counteracted better crop and weather conditions. After six weeks of inactivity, Wednesday's cotton goods offtake exceeded forty million yards at advancing prices. However, the trade disappointingly failed to broaden out thereafter.

In conjunction with other markets, the trade is awaiting the fulfilment of the Blitzkrieg threat to England and also efforts to increase Export and Import Bank Loan funds possibly by the removal of South American crop surpluses. Pending concrete developments the market is expected to remain in the doldrums.

Secretary Wallace's statement that the United States should hold on grimly her reduced export outlets is interpreted in some quarters as indicating that a high loan barrier is not likely to be established unless offset by an equivalent export subsidy, reinforcing opinions in Washington and elsewhere that the loan rate will be only slightly above last season.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest 9.41+01 (11-48 a.m.); lowest 9.39—01 (10-9 a.m.)

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York.—Trade local support readily absorbed light hedging. Weeks weather favourable. Crop estimate expected around 11,300,000. Weeks sales print cloths triple production.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay: August 5.

Following a rise of one point in New York cotton futures, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 192 for Broach A/M delivery but the market opened weak at Rs. 190 and declined to Rs. 189/8 on scattered selling influenced by disturbing reports from Japan. At the decline there was scattered buying and prices rallied to Rs. 190/8, but with increased selling Broach stood at Rs. 190 with a limited business. But there was increased covering and price improved to Rs. 191/12. The market was steady, but absence of support on the advance created a feeling of uncertainty and prices reacted to Rs. 190/8 under scattered liquidation. There was absence of Bear pressure and the market was able to maintain quiet, but steady tone. Later on there were reports of further arrests of Japanese and with increased selling Broach declined to Rs. 189/4. Liverpool opened at a decline of one pt. against an expected rise of one point. In the local market there was scattered buying and Broach A/M was quoted at Rs. 190/8. Later on Liverpool was 2 points down. The local market closed at 8 p.m. as under:—

F G M G Broach July/August	Rs. 173/12
F G M G Broach April/May	Rs. 191/0
Fine M G Oomra Dec/Jany	Rs. 168/0
F G M G Bengal Dec/Jany	Rs. 134/4

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, August 5.

2 3/4 per cent 1940/52 95-8
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 100-14
3 per cent 1951/54 Bonds 96-10 ...
3 1/2 per cent G. P Notes 90-4
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 104
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 104-4
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 101-8
4 1/2 per cent 1985/69 Loan 108-12
5 per cent 1940/43 Bonds 100-10
3 per cent 1963/65 Loan 90-2

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/50 Loan 110
4 per cent 1953/65 Mysore 107
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 118

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1947 102 ...
4 per cent M Deb. 1947 101
5 per cent M Deb. 1959 109
6 per cent M Deb. 1954 107 ...
6 per cent K P T 1956 116

Tone:—Steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay: August 5.

B. C. RATES—

T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 5th February

LONDON:—

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 5th February

Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 5th February

Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32 One month

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month.

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/4 Two months.

NEW YORK:—

Banks selling T T 333 1/2
Bank's buying T T 330
Bank's buying D D 328

JAPAN:—

Bank's selling T T 84 1/4 nominal
Bank's buying T T 79 1/4 nominal
Bank's buying 60 days 78 1/2 nominal

JAVA—

Bank's selling D D 55 3/4

HONGKONG—

Banks selling D D 84 3/4

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D 24

SINGAPORE—

Banks selling D D 157 3/4

CROSS RATES—

Hongkong/London 1/3 1/32 5th inst.
Shanghai/London 0/4 1/16 5th inst.
New York/London 3.88 3rd inst.
London/Java 7.58/62 3rd inst.
London/New York 4.02 1/2-3 1/2 3rd inst.
London/Switzerland 17.70/80 3rd inst.
London/Stockholm 16.85/95 3rd inst.
London/Japan 1/3 3rd inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
Gold £8-8-0 2nd inst.
Gold £8/8/0 3rd inst.
Silver London Ready 22 5/16 2nd inst.
Silver London Ready 22 5/16 3rd inst.
Silver London Forward 22 1/16 2nd inst.
Silver London Forward 22 1/16 3rd inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 2nd inst
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 3rd inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 2nd inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 3rd inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 2nd inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 3rd inst.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1/2 per cent.
3 months 3/4 per cent.
6 months 1 per cent.
Tone:—Very easy.

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay: August 5.

Fine White Java Sugar per cwt—
Shipment September Rs. 8/13 F.B.H.
Indian Sugars Ready—
Ready (Ordinary) Rs 14/10 to 14/12
Ready large grain Rs. 14/13 to 15/12
Tone:—Steady.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F. P. Bales.	1940-41	1939-40
Receipts to date 3-8-40	17000	47000
Receipts yesterday 3-8-40	8000	11000
Export to date 3-8-40	15000	33000
Stock at Ports 2-8-40	2438000	1973000
Stock at interior towns do.	1950000	2439000
Stock at Liverpool 2-8-40	.....	615000
Visible Supply 2-8-40	.....	4805000
Quantity in sight 2-8-40	15000	101000
Quantity out of sight 2-8-40	.....	86000

PEPPER AND GINGER PRICES

Bombay: August 5.

(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd).

	Rs.as.ps.
Pepper ready Allepey per candy	81 8 0
Pepper Bhadarwa Sud 15 per candy	80 12 0
Pepper Maha Sud 12 per candy	84 8 0
Ginger ready bleached per cwt	15 0 0
Ginger Maha Sud 45 per cwt	13 8 0

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay: August 5.

There were restricted price movements on the Exchange to-day. Tata Deferreds, which closed on Saturday at 1767/8, opened at 1760 and after declining to 1760 advanced to 1767/8 at which rate they closed. The Ordinaries opened unchanged at 339 and finished at 339/12. Trading was narrow in Textiles also and Bombay Dyeings were quoted around 895. Indian Irons stood at 26.

The following are the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (1767/8) 1765 1760 1765 1762/8 1767/8

Tata Ordinaries (339) 339 339/12

Closing quotations at 2 p.m.:—

Tata Ordinary 339/12; Tata Deferred 1767/8, Indian Iron 26; Bombay Dyeing 900; Century 252/8; Central India 260; Kohinoor 345; Associated Cement 110/12; Bombay Burma 525; Scindia Steam 18/7; Tata Hydro 161/14; Reserve Bank 101/4; Imperial Bank F P 1477/8, Central Bank 35/2; Bank of India 134/8; 3 1/2 per cent Paper 90/2.

HAPUR WHEAT MARKET

HAPUR: August 2.

(From Our Correspondent).

The local wheat market opened very steady during the week under review. This tendency continued till Monday. On Tuesday the market began to show signs of wearing down and prices declined. On Wednesday the sentiment was very unsteady. But from Thursday onwards the market is gradually rising higher and higher and the present undertone is very steady indeed.

The encouraging overseas cables and deteriorating political conditions, the heavy spot demand at the ports and in the Up country markets, particularly in the Punjab, the firm stock positions almost everywhere, good local trade support and active speculative activities all combined to support the upward tendency. The intervening loss was due to the fact that very good rains have been received in the West U. P., the area suffering most by draught. But the influence of the factors narrated above more than counter-balanced this factor.

The market had closed at 3/2/5½ for Maha on Friday last. By Monday evening the market moved within an anna range of 3/1/10½ and 3/2/9. On Tuesday having opened at 3/1/11 it fell to as low as 3/1/2 and closed at 3/1/4. On Wednesday morning and the previous night very heavy showers were received. The market opened nervously bearish at 3/0/7½ but soon after began to improve. It closed at 3/1/4½. On Thursday it touched 3/2/2½ in the highest and 3/1/3 in the lowest. To-day it opened very steady at 3/2/3, touched 3/2/4½ in the highest and is presently quoted at 3/2/1½. Ready khattis are quoted at 3/2/3 and Mangsir forwards are quoted at 3/2/11½.

But for the very uncertain and cloudy weather arrivals would have been more. Average arrivals on clear days totalled 200 maunds. The present stock is put at 762 khattis. Speculative activity was fairly good. Rains have done benefit to the standing crops and sowing of Bhado crops is likely to finish in some days.

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay: August 5.

Bengal Fine	136/39
C. P. 1	175/78
C. P. 2	167/68
Berar	166/68
Khandesh	164/66
Jalna/Sailu	164/66
Ahmednagar	164/66
Broach	172/74

COTTON TENDERS

Bombay: August 5.

	To-day	Total
Broach	150	31,800

TEJI-MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay: August 5.

Wheat September	0 3 0
Wheat January	0 8 0
Wheat May	0 11 0
Groundnuts February	4 12 0
Castorseeds September	2 14 0
Cottonseeds September	1 0 0
Silver Shrawan	1 1 0
Gold Shrawan	0 6 6

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below Liverpool May 245 penny points at Exch. 1/6

Broach A/M below New York May 155 cent points at Exch. 331

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay: August 3.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing at 3 p.m.
Broach J/A	173 1/2	171 1/2	173 1/2
Broach A/M	193 1/4	190 3/4	192
Oomra D/J	172 1/4	169 1/2	170
Bengal D/J	138 1/4	135 3/4	136 1/4

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York: August 3.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following New York Stock Exchange report:—

Amr For Pow 7 per cent Pfd	14 3/4
Amr For Pow 5 per cent Debs	49
Amr Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd	43 1/4
Electric Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd	34
Electric Bond and Share Common	6
Electric Bond and Share Dol.5 Pfd	63
Int Tel and Tel 1952 Debs	28 1/4
Columbia Gas and Electric	6 7/8
Amr Tel and Tel	162
Sun Life of Canada	180
Western Union Telegraph	17
New York Central R R	12
Great Northern Pfd	23
Chesapeake and Ohio	38
Union Pacific	83
Standard Brands	6 1/4
United States Steel	63 5/8
Bethlehem Steel	79
Crucible Steel	31
National Steel	59 1/2
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	21 3/8
Republic Steel	17 3/8
Int Nickel of Canada	23 1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	20 1/2
Chrysler Motors	73 1/2
General Motors	45 1/2
Socony	8 1/2
Standard Oil of N J	34
Texas Corporation	37
Consolidated Oil	6 1/8
Australia 5 per cent 1955	48 1/2

Turnover 120,000 shares.

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay: August 5.

Yellow metal sheet	Rs. 57
Copper sheets	Rs. 66

Tone:—Steady.

BOMBAY BANKERS' CLEARING

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending 2/8/1940 were as under:—

Number of cheques—1,04,717 Amount of cheques—Rs. 12,38,81,556/6/6.

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS.

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay: August 5.

Yarn No.	August	October	Decmbr
6 1/2s.	121	123	125
10 1/2s.	138	140	142
20 1/2s.	165 1/2	168 1/2	171½
40s.	233	241	245

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay: August 5.

The local Stock Exchange was open to-day for one hour and it will remain closed to-morrow being a Parsi holiday.

On Saturday the Wall-Street Market was extremely dull and narrow. U. S. Steel shares closed 1/4 down at 63 5/8 and Anaconda Copper shares gained 1/4 at 20-1/2 dollars. After the recent rise the market is awaiting fresh incentives.

The local market was quietly steady with a restricted turnover. In the meantime settlement continues. Delivery of shares to the clearing House is to be done on the 10th inst. Pay-in-day is 12th inst. and Pay-out is Wednesday, the 14th inst.

All City markets have become hesitating in view of War uncertainties. The changed tone of Japan is discouraging buyers in the cotton and Bullion market continues dull.

The Share Bazar is also not free from hesitancy and there is very little fresh business. Thus prices do not show any important change and there is more disposition to await further developments.

Government Securities ruled steady with a restricted business and 3 1/2 per cent Paper was quoted at Rs. 90/4.

Cotton Textile shares continue neglected with a little scattered business. No investment support is coming forward and the minimum fixed prices have maintained levels. Bombay Dyeing shares were unchanged at Rs. 907/8 and Century shares improved 2 pts. at Rs. 255. New Great shares were quiet at Rs. 312.

Among Banks there was narrow movement. Centrals were quiet at Rs. 35/2, while Imperials improved to Rs. 1477/8. Reserve Bank shares were placed at Rs. 101/4. Insurance shares were steady and Hydro-Electric shares failed to show any marked change.

Tata Steel Defds were quiet at Rs. 1772/8 and Ordinary shares declined 2 pts at Rs. 341. Bombay Burmas were quiet at Rs. 522/8 and Scindia shares declined to Rs. 18/7. The tone of the market was quiet with less inclination to operate.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, August 5.

100	Ahmedabad Advance	265 0
250	Bombay Dyeing	907 8
100	Century	255 0
100	Central India	250 0
100	Colaba	129 0
100	Coorla	93 12
250	David	345 0
1	E. D. Sassoon Def.	0 6 3
100	Finlay	130 0
100	Gokak	180 0
1000	Hindustan	1920 0
100	Indore	37 0
100	Khatau	120 0
100	Kohinoor	346 0
250	Laxmi	482 8
100	Morarji	175 0
50	Model	58 0
50	Mysore	103 0
200	New Great	312 0
100	Oosmanshahi	55 8
100	Phoenix	263 0
25	Sassoon Silk	0
1000	Sholapur	2450 0
100	Swadeshi	219 8
100	Swan	147 0
500	Vishnu	1137 8
1000	Western	960 0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	105 0
250	Central	35 2
500	Imperial	1477 8
125-500	Imp. Contrys.	361 4
50-100	India	134 0
100	Reserve Bank	X.D. 101-4
5	Union	5 8

CEMENTS

100	Associated	113 0

INSURANCE

100	Empire	610 0
15-100	Jupiter	11 4
20	Mercantile	53 0
15-75	New India	X.D. 37-4
200	Oriental	3450 0
10-50	Vulcan	X.D. 6-14

ELECTRIC

100	Ahmed. Old	155 0
1000	Andhra Valley	1525 0
10	Ajmer	10 6
50	Bombay Tram	125 8
100	Bombay Suburban	164 6
10	Broach	11 4
100	Karachi	195 0
100	Poona	107 8
100	Surat	X.D. 158 12
100	Tata Hydro	162 0
1000	Tata Power	1310 0

RAILWAYS

500	Ahmedabad Prantij	1012 8
100	C. Provinces	100 0
100	Dhond Baramati	98 0
100	Gujarat	98 8
100	Mandra Bhon	96 8
100	Pachora Jamner	64 0
100	Surat	158 8
500	Tapti Valley	770 0

MININGS

9	Burma Corporation	5 1
2sh.	Indian Copper	2 0
10	Indian Iron and Steel	26 0
10	Shivrajpur	34 0
30	Tata Steel Def.	1772 8
75	Tata Steel Ord.	341 0

MISCELLANEOUS

100	Alcock	437 8
10	Air Services	5 4
50	Belapur Sugar	200 0
200	Bombay Safe Dep.	602 8
250	Bombay Steam	250 0
125	B. Burma	522 8
50	B. Burma Cont.	173 12
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	3 8
50	Bombay Telephone	85 4
100	Ind. Bleaching	102 0
50	Ind. Invest Trust	44 8
100	Ind Radio Def.	450 0
100	Indian Radio Ord.	392 8
100	Port Canning	79 0
30	Premier Con.	78 0
15	Scindia	18 7
25	Tata Oil Mill	40 0
100	Western I. Match	139 0

PREFERENCE

7 p.c.	Andhra Valley	1460 0
6 p.c.	Bombay Steam	277 8
7 p.m.	Bombay Tram (T.F)	76 8
5 p.c.	Central India (T.F.)	585 0
6 1/2 p.c.	Prem. Const. 1st	115 0
6 1/4 p.c.	Prem Const. 2nd	107 0
7 p.c.	Tata Hydro	155 0
7 1/2 p.c.	Tata Power	1526 0
6 p.c.	Tata Steel 1st Pref.	205 0
7 1/2 p.c.	Tata Steel 2nd	147 8
7 p.c	Vishnu	675 0

DEBENTURES

3 3/4 p.c.	Andhra Valley	102 4
6 p.c.	Andhra Valley	102 0
4 p.c.	Bombay Telephone	50 4
6 per cent	Tata Hydro	102 4
7 p.c.	Sholapur	72 8

BOMBAY COTTON STATISTICS.

Bombay: August 5.

Receipts from 1st Sept. 1939 to 1st August 1940 (by rail and sea)	1,741,214
Receipts from 1st Sept. 1939 to 1st August 1940 (by road—estimated)	339,387
Total	2,080,601
Same time last year	2,700,570

Exports from 1st Sept. 1939 to 3rd August, 1940:—

	1939-40	1938-39
United Kingdom		77,894
Continent		232,854
China		425,252
Japan		855,644
Coast Ports		34,570
U. S. A.		426
Total		1,626,640

Figures of exports, stocks and mill consumption and also of imports of foreign cotton into Bombay are not available.

KARACHI STATISTICS

Total receipts of cotton from Up country from 1st Sept. 1939 to 25th July, 1940 1,430,281
Same time last year 1,753,510

Weather Report

POONA, Aug 5

All-India weather chart upto eight hours shade temperature maximum minimum rainfall past 24 hours since 1st June departure from normal.

STATIONS	Temperatures Maximum	Temperatures Minimum	Rainfall Past 24 hours	Rainfall Total since June 1	Rainfall Departure from normal
Chittagong	83	78	0.1	46.2	+0.1
Calcutta	91	79	0.1	21.7	—4.6
Cuttack	98	78	0.1	41.5	+17.5
Patna	89	81	T	17.1	—5.0
Gorakhpur	90	79	0.3	13.1	—10.2
Benares	90	77	0.6	15.5	—2.5
Allahabad	86	78	1.5	10.4	—8.1
Cawnpore	93	79	0.2	7.5	—8.3
Lucknow	91	79	—	13.9	—3.9
Jhansi	91	78	0.2	14.7	—3.5
Agra	93	77	0.3	6.1	—7.0
Bareilly	92	79	0.3	26.3	+5.3
Dehra Dun	83	73	0.1	35.3	—3.6
Delhi	91	78	0.2	12.9	+0.9
Ambala	93	78	—	18.2	+5.9
Ludhiana	90	79	—	15.5	+3.7
Sialkot	95	81	—	13.1	+1.4
Rawalpindi	96	72	0.2	12.5	+1.2
Multan	107	87	—	1.9	—1.2
Srinagar	90	63	T	4.0	—0.1
Peshawar	101	81	—	1.3	—0.9
Dehra Ismail Khan	103	85	—	2.3	—0.9
Fort Sandeman	99	75	—	3.0	—0.2
Quetta	90	64	—	0.5	
Khandwa	82	74	1.1	23.8	+8.8
Jubbulpore	78	72	0.7	29.1	+0.5
Nagpur	83	75	T	43.4	+18.5
BOMBAY	86	77	0.2	53.9	+8.7
Ratnagiri	84	75	0.7	61.1	—4.5
Ahmednagar	86	71	—	11.7	—2.8
Poona	81	71	T	10.1	—2.5
Sholapur	90	73	—	5.5	—4.2
Hyderabad (Dn.)	87	72	—	11.5	—0.3
Bangalore	81	67	T	6.9	—0.8
Mysore	80	68	T	8.5	+2.5
Calicut	83	74	0.4	78.0	+10.3
Madras	97	76	0.7	8.9	—0.7
Shillong	69	62	1.8	29.5	—3.0
Simla	67	59	0.1	25.4	—2.1
Panchmarni	70	67	1.4	55.2	+17.1
Kodaikanal	65	53	—	11.2	+1.1
Colombo	85	76	0.4	13.1	—0.4
Jacobabad	107	83	—	0.1	—1.3
Hyderabad (Sind)	101	80	—	1.6	—2.1
Karachi	86	78	—	2.5	—1.6
Jaipur	84	77	0.5	17.0	+5.2
Ajmer	83	76	—	14.7	+4.3
Deesa	92	79	—	11.0	—1.8
Rajkot	88	77	—	11.3	—5.1
Ahmedabad	87	77	0.1	10.3	—6.7
Bhopal	76	71	1.4	32.3	
Akola	81	74	—	4.2	+3.2
Amraoti	85	73	T	26.3	+9.7
Indore	76	71	0.4	27.4	+10.3
Marmagoa	82	75	0.5	62.9	
Malegaon	89	74	—	6.5	—3.0
Mussoorie	68	58	0.2	51.5	+13.1
Mahableshwar	66	61	3.7	152.3	—8.2
Baroda	87	76	0.1	12.5	
Belgaum	75	67	0.2	31.5	+4.9
Murree	70	62	0.1	22.3	+4.4
Cherrapunji	69	64	6.7	171.9	—36.0
Bijapur	89	69	0.3	4.6	—1.2
Dalhousie	—	—	0.9	36.9	+3.8
Khandala	—	—	2.2	129.1	
Mount Abu	73	64	—	15.2	—15.4
Ootacamund	65	54	T	15.7	—0.7
Jodhpur	93	78	—	5.9	—0.1

Widespread Rain In U. P. And Konkan

POONA, Aug 5

The monsoon has been active in Assam, Bengal, East United Provinces, Central India, west Central Provinces and Malabar. Fairly widespread rain has also occurred in West United Provinces, Konkan, and local rain in Bihar, Chota Nagpur, East and North Punjab, Bombay Deccan, while a few falls are reported from Orissa, east Central Provinces, Kashmir, Rajputana, Gujarat, south-east Madras and Madras Deccan.—A.P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological observations during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. of 5th Aug. 1940:—

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hrs. —.060 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 79.2 deg.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.9 deg.

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs. 86.0 deg. (1.1 above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 76.8 deg. (0.7 above normal)

Rainfall in 24 hours 0.18 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 2.85 inches

Total rainfall during the year 55.26 inches.

Weather remarks: Rain.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 5/8/1940

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 81.0 deg. F. a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.89 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.68 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

Government Of Madras Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. 1,00,00,000 (one crore only) of three months' Government of Madras Treasury Bills will be received at the offices of the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay, Calcutta and Madras up to 1 p.m. (Standard Time) on Monday, the 12th August 1940.

Bills will be of the following denominations, viz. Rs. 25,000, Rs. 50,000, Rs. 1,00,000, Rs. 5,00,000 and Rs. 10,00,000.

Each tender should specify clearly the term of the Bills applied for, the nominal value of the bills required and the price per cent which the tenderer is prepared to pay expressed in rupees, annas and quarter annas only.

Successful tenderers will be required to make payment and take up their bills on Thursday, the 15th August, 1940.

A tender may be for the whole of the amount offered for tender, or for any portion thereof which is a multiple of Rs. 25,000. The minimum amount for which a tender can be made is Rs. 25,000. The amount of tender or tenders submitted by any bank, individual etc. must not in the aggregate exceed the amount offered for tender

If the total of tenders received is in excess of the amount offered, a proportionate allotment will be made. These allotments will, in all cases, be in multiples of Rs. 25,000, the minimum being Rs. 25,000 and, in order to effect this, the Reserve Bank of India reserve to themselves full discretion to allot a higher or lower percentage, or to make no allotment, to individual tenderers as may be appropriate.

The Reserve Bank of India reserve the right to reject the whole, or any part, of any tender without assigning any reason.

A Treasury Bill will be paid on maturity only at the Office of the Reserve Bank of India at which it was issued.

Cochin Ruler's War Contribution

COCHIN: August 4.

Besides the contribution of one lakh of rupees already made by the Government of Cochin, His Highness the Maharaja has offered a monthly contribution of Rs. 10,000 to the Viceroy's War Purposes Fund for the entire duration of the war.—A. P.

Scout Craft Exhibition

Mr. B. Venkatappaiah opened the Scoutcraft Exhibition, organized by the Jamboree Scout Home, Worli, last Sunday. He spoke about the importance of Scouts and appreciated the activities conducted by the Home. He concluded his speech hoping that the institution will develop its activities in future and will stand as a model for the training of India's boyhood.

Mr. S. B. Kulkarni made a brief survey of the activities of the Jamboree Scout Home. Prof. V. G. Rao, Messrs. A. S Chavan, G. O. Bhosekar and some others also spoke.

Recitation of "Vande Mataram" terminated the function.

GROUNDNUTS & SEEDS

Bombay, Aug 5

Castorseeds	September—			
	Opening	Rs.	35	8 0
	Highest		35	8 0
	Lowest		35	6 0
	Closing		35	6 0
Groundnuts	August—			
	Opening		27	9 0
	Highest		27	10 0
	Lowest		27	6 0
	Closing		27	7 0
Cottonseeds	September—			
	Opening		25	14 0
	Highest		25	14 0
	Lowest		25	14 0
	Closing		25	14 0
Groundnuts	February—			
	Opening		30	3 0
	Highest		30	4 0
	Lowest		29	15 6
	Closing		30	0 6
Castorseeds	May—			
	Opening		36	2 0
	Highest		36	2 6
	Lowest		36	2 0
	Closing		36	2 0
Cottonseeds	January—			
	Opening		22	10 6
	Highest		22	10 6
	Lowest		22	9 6
	Closing		22	9 6

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay: August 5.

On Saturday London markets were closed and free Sterling was quoted at 3.87 3/4. The local market was steady with a slightly improved demand for Silver and Gold fluctuated within a narrow range. As pointed out before Upcountry demand for Silver is very limited and local operators are not inclined to increase speculative risks pending further War developments. There is utter absence of professional activity and we are having narrow markets. Quotations were as under:—

Ready Gold Rs. 41/10/6; Silver Rs. 62/11
Shravan Gold Rs 41/10/6; Silver Rs 62/11

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay: August 5.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY OF INDIAN COTTON

In full-pressed bales. 3-8-40

		Since 1st Septr. This year	Last year
Khandesh		55,579	38,788
Central India		109,361	225,209
Barsi and Nagar		114,118	94,427
Hyderabad/Gaorani		47,970	4,474
Berar		318,618	152,786
Central Provinces		76,962	38,454
Total Oomras		722,608	564,108
Dholeras		89,297	277,057
N.-W. Provinces		26,079	10,124
Rajputana		35,228	82,270
Sind-Punjab	1,966	372,475	334,677
Broach		408,748	414,944
Coompta & Dharwar		51,256	152,264
Westerns-Northerns		37,063	97,353
Cocoanada		86	98
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		1,392	2,637
Total	1,966	1,744,232	1,943,838
Arrived by road to 1st August 1940		339,387	.....

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay: August 5.

	Extra Spr. fine	Sup. Fine	F.G. Good
M G Bengal U P	145	142	139 136
M G Punjab	145	142	139 136
M G Rajputana	152	149	146 143
M G Oomra No. 3	175	173	170 167 ...
M G C. P. No. 1	187	185	182 179 ...
M G C. P. No. 2	179	177	174 171 ..
M G Broach No. 2	178	176	174 171
M G Punjab-American	212	210	208 205
M G Surat	230	228	226 223
M G Rajpipla	237	235	233 230
M G Navsari			

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay: August 5.

M B Kaisha's Japanese s s Akagisan Maru of 2988 reg tons, Capt C Shingo arrived from

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USE
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"AJANTA" SOAPS, HAIR OILS, SNOW, CREAM, RICH PERFUMES and other Toiletaries.
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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, AUGUST 6, 1940

"Ankhi-Khoosh"—
"Ankhi-Khoosh"
EYE-DROP
A wonderful specific for Ophthalmia and all Sore and Mattering Eyes, acts like a charm for Tired Watering or Itching Eyes.
Absolutely Harmless. Very Soothing for the Eyes. Ankhi-Khoosh Never Fails. Ankhi-Khoosh does not smart.
CAN BE HAD FROM ALL CHEMISTS.

Ban On Military Drill By Volunteers

WEARING OF MILITARY UNIFORM BY VOLUNTEERS ALSO PROHIBITED

SIMLA, August 5.

The Government of India have prohibited military exercise, or drill, with or without arms by non-official volunteer organisations in India.

The wearing of Gandhi caps distinctive apparel like red shirts or other coloured shirts which have no resemblance to military uniform does not as such come under the ban.

A communique explaining Government's decision says:—

The Government of India have, for some time, been watching with concern the growth of non-official volunteer organisations, the members of which make a practice of training or drilling on military lines and often wear some distinctive uniform of a martial character.

In some cases, the drilling is performed with lathis or other articles capable of being used as arms.

These volunteer bodies are, for the most part, communal in character and many of them are maintained by associations having political objects.

The Government of India have hitherto refrained from interference with the activities of these bodies, but the recent increase in their number and strength combined with their evident intentions and the serious threat that they constitute to the maintenance of public order and the security of the country in war, have now made it necessary for the Government of India to make known their policy in regard to this class of activity and to take steps to regulate it.

FOR COMMUNAL PURPOSES

The Government of India recognise that in certain exceptional cases disciplined organisations are maintained for useful and innocent purposes, especially in connection with the education of the young.

But in regard to the great majority of these volunteer bodies, it is impossible to suppose that they exist for any legitimate or peaceful purpose, and it must generally be assumed that they are being drilled either for communal conflict or for the purpose of supplanting the existing administration.

The practice of drilling is in itself evidence of an intention to use organised force for the attainment of the objects of the association, and the wearing of uniforms aggravates this threat.

Where lathis and other weapons are carried the intention of resorting to force becomes still more obvious, and whenever an organization of this kind is maintained by a political party or group the impression on the minds of the public can only be that it exists for the purpose of attaining the objects of the party through some form of coercion.

UNACCEPTABLE PLEA

Volunteer bodies of a communal character are enlisted largely under the pretext that they are necessary to defend the life, property or liberties of sections of the community.

Government cannot accept this pretext. The only principle, which Government can recognise or which is in accordance with public policy and safety, is that the protection of the whole community or any section, must rest in the hands of the regular forces maintained by Government for this purpose.

The Government of India and Provincial Governments have ample forces at their disposal to put down any form of disorder and will not hesitate to use them to preserve the internal peace and security of the country.

They fully recognise the feelings of insecurity, which have been occasioned by the course of the war and by its nearer approach to India, and they appreciate the desire of the public to organize themselves for their mutual support and defence.

They have recently provided the only legitimate outlet for this natural and proper desire in the form of the Civic Guard, in which those, who desire to do so, may find useful opportunities of public service.

RESULTS PROVED DISASTROUS

On the other hand, in every country in which private armies have been allowed to grow up, the results have sooner or later been disastrous to the public peace and security and the liberties of the people.

The Government of India are convinced that the multiplication of volunteer organizations, whether on communal or on party lines, so far from reducing feelings of insecurity, can only accentuate those feelings and thus increase the danger which they may ostensibly intended to prevent.

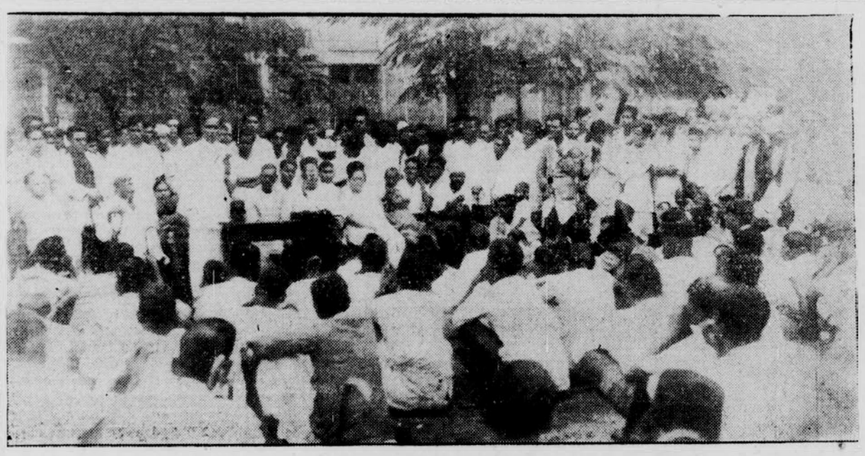
At the same time the existence of private armies must cause confusion in a real emergency and prejudice the action of the forces of the State. It is of the greatest importance in present conditions that official uniforms of all kinds should be clearly recognisable by the people and that there should be no scope for persons to assume in the eyes of the public an authority which they do not possess.

As an ordinary measure of precaution in war the Defence of India Rules already contain provision for the regulation of unlawful drilling and the wearing of unofficial uniforms.

UNLAWFUL DRILLING

THE GOVERNMENT OF IN-

(Continued on page 6, col. 4)



Under the Presidentship of Mr. N. M. Joshi, Bombay workers at a meeting at Kamgar Maidan on Sunday last protested against the anti-prohibition policy of Bombay Government and demanded the re-enforcement of prohibition.

GEN. PERSHING WARNS U. S.

Delay In Help To Britain Will Bring The War To Americas

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.

"I say to you solemnly that tomorrow may be forever too late to keep war from the Americas", declared General Pershing in a broadcast in which he advocated that the United States should make available to Britain at leas 50 over-age destroyers.

"To-day may be the last time when by measures short of war we can still prevent war here." He reiterated that it would be absolute folly to send an expeditionary force. General Pershing said that he saw a great danger for the United States in the present world situation and said that if the destroyers would help to save the British fleet, America itself might be saved from another war.

"We will be failing in our duty to America if we do not do it." Re-endorsing compulsory military training, General Pershing urged that America should be ready to meet force with force.—Reuter.

U. S. Press On Pershing's Call

NEW YORK, August 5.

General Pershing's call for quick naval aid for Britain is prominently featured in the papers.

The New York "Times" states that the time may soon come when Britain will have to obtain additional destroyers. The highest naval officers join the President in firmly believing that the needed destroyers ought to be made promptly available.

The "Herald Tribune" says that the successful defence of Great Britain is of such overwhelming practical importance to the security and welfare of the United States that no aid to that end, which this country can offer ought to be withheld.—Reuter.

Balkan Politics Again

Rumanian Leader's Firm Opposition To Opening Negotiation With Hungary

BUCHAREST, Aug. 5.

Tension is increasing rapidly here over Transylvanian issue.

M. Maniu, Leader of the former National Peasant Party, has declared that he is opposed to Rumanian Government beginning negotiations with Budapest or other governments concerning satisfaction of Hungarian claims.

He has also affirmed that productive working classes among the Hungarian population in Transylvania sympathised entirely with Rumanian classes opposed to cession.

Rumania's negotiations with both Bulgaria and Hungary are expected to begin shortly.—Reuter.

Cloudburst Leads To House-Collapses

LONDON, Aug. 5.

It is now revealed that considerable havoc and damage amounting to some thousands sterling was caused by a cloudburst at the Scottish port of Cromarty ten days ago. It is stated that the cloudburst struck the town with a noise like thunder and in a few moments hillside streams were swollen to considerable torrents, sweeping through streets and houses, carrying away furniture and everything moveable including a car standing in a garage. Householders many of whom were breakfasting had to run for safety. Four houses collapsed while no house or shop escaped damage.—Reuter.

CALCUTTA, Aug. 5.—The Premchand Roychand Scholarship in Science of the Calcutta University was awarded this year to Bimal Chandra Mukerjee who submitted a thesis on the Theory of Relativity and Cosmology.—United Press.

RAVI RIVER OVERFLOWS

Dozen Villages Flooded: Evacuation Saves Lives

LAHORE, August 5.

The water is overflowing the right bank of the Ravi river and has reached the walls of the Shahdara police station. The Grand Trunk Road and the Shahdara-Sheikhupura Road are submerged under water, presenting the appearance of a huge lake extending over several miles. Lorry traffic has been dislocated.

About half a dozen villages along the river bank have been inundated. Owing to timely evacuation no loss of life is so far reported.—A. P.

Assam Ban On Meetings

CALCUTTA, August 5.

The holding of any public procession, meeting or assembly, without permission, in Silchar and Hailakandi sub-divisions of Cachar district has been prohibited by a notification under the Defence of India Rules, published in an extraordinary issue of the Assam Gazette.

The notification will remain in force for four months from July 27.—A. P.

Subhas Day On August 11

Sj. Mukundalal Sircar, All-India Office Secretary of the Forward Bloc in the course of a statement urges the observance of August 11 as 'Subhas Ban Day' and to demand, in the interest of national unity and solidarity, the immediate lifting of the ban on Sj. Bose, Swami Sahajanand, Mr Nariman and other Congressmen.

CALCUTTA, Aug. 5.—The "United Press" understands that the Bengal Government have sanctioned the payment of a recurring grant of Rs. 10,000 per annum to the Calcutta Medical Aid and Research Society towards the maintenance of the Jadavpur Tuberculosis Hospital.—United Press.

Hoarding Will Lead To Disaster

EFFECT OF WITHDRAWAL OF RUPEE COIN

Reserve Bank Governor Explains Effects Of War On Indian Industry And Trade: India's Strong Financial Position

BOMBAY, Monday.

Addressing the sixth annual meeting of the shareholders of the Reserve Bank of India to-day, Sir James Taylor, Governor of the Bank, referred to the effects of war and said that though conditions were serious and undue optimism was to be deprecated, he could not help feeling that India, with its sound banking and financial structure, actively developing its war resources in co-operation with the rest of the Empire, could look forward with confidence to the ultimate outcome.

WAR AND INDIA'S EXPORTS

Referring to the effects of war on India's export commodities as a result of the closure of European markets and due to shipping difficulties, Sir James said that these baneful effects were sure to be counterbalanced by the expansion of India's war time industries which could be turned into peace time assets.

DISASTER IN HOARDING

Sir James also referred to the grave dangers to which Indian business and credit structure were exposed due to hoarding of coin and said:—"The withdrawal of more than forty crores of value from the credit structure of the country and its locking up in useless metal has undoubtedly been one of the most important contributory factors to the dislocation in the up-country bazar trade on which the prosperity of the country so largely depends. If dealers are not prepared to take up their usual stocks of commodities, piecegoods, sugar and the like but lock away their money instead, the effects are bound to be widespread and disastrous. Prices must slump and trade come to a standstill."

Sir James Taylor said: "Our income and expenditure for the half-year are Rs. 83 99 lakhs and Rs. 54.61 lakhs, leaving a net profit of Rs. 29.29 lakhs. As these figures cover only a half-year, a precise comparison with the figures for the previous full years is not possible, but if we take the expenditure and the income of last year as a basis for a rough comparison, it will be found that our expenditure was Rs. 4,33,000 in exess of half of that for 1939 while our income was Rs. 22,40,000 larger

Our profits have increased on account of the increase in our investments as a result of our purchases of sterling and the expansion of the currency As a result, we have been able to pay Rs. 20.54 lakhs to the Central Government for the half-year as against Rs. 5 lakhs for the whole of 1939.

EFFECTS OF WAR ON INDIA

The German onslaught at the beginning of April has swept like a deluge over Western Europe with more rapid and devastating results than anything which has happened since the Tartar hordes poured over India and the Middle East, or since the revolutionary armies of France swept Europe from end to end. Amid such catastrophic changes, even though India has so far been immune from direct assault, it would be too much to expect that the shock would not have had wide and far-reaching effects on its economic and financial structure and, looked at from that point of view, I think that we may consider ourselves fortunate that we did not fare worse.

CLOSURE OF EUROPEAN MARKETS

The prices of India's export commodities were the first to be affected and most heavily. The closing of the European markets and the drastic curtailment of freight even to those markets which were still open, caused a wide and severe slump in prices. At the same time, I doubt whether these effects will be as drastic or as lasting as is sometimes apprehended. They have thrown India back on herself; in particular, the cutting of communications with Europe through the Mediterranean must bring about a much wider and speedier development of self-sufficiency not only in munitions of war but in all the commodities which previously came from Europe. The Central Government are taking active measures to expand all the industries connected with the war, and private enterprise, once it recovers from the shock and finds its feet again will, I am sure, not be slow to follow. If that is so, with the command of the seas and with the consequent immunity from hostile attack, I see no reason to doubt a rapid and general development which must, in turn, react healthily on the demand and, consequently, the prices of raw commodities. That was what happened in the last war.

HOARDING OF METALS

The security markets also stood up to the shock remarkably well. Undue speculation in certain shares both in Calcutta and Bombay weakened the resistance of the market as a whole so that even though there was comparatively little panic selling of the sounder shares or Government securities, the market in Calcutta had to be closed for a time and the operations of the Bombay market had, though it did not close completely, to be severely restricted in respect of forward operations. The Reserve Bank, in these circumstances, thought it desirable to afford a certain

(Continued on page 5.

The Half-Column
By "Dim"

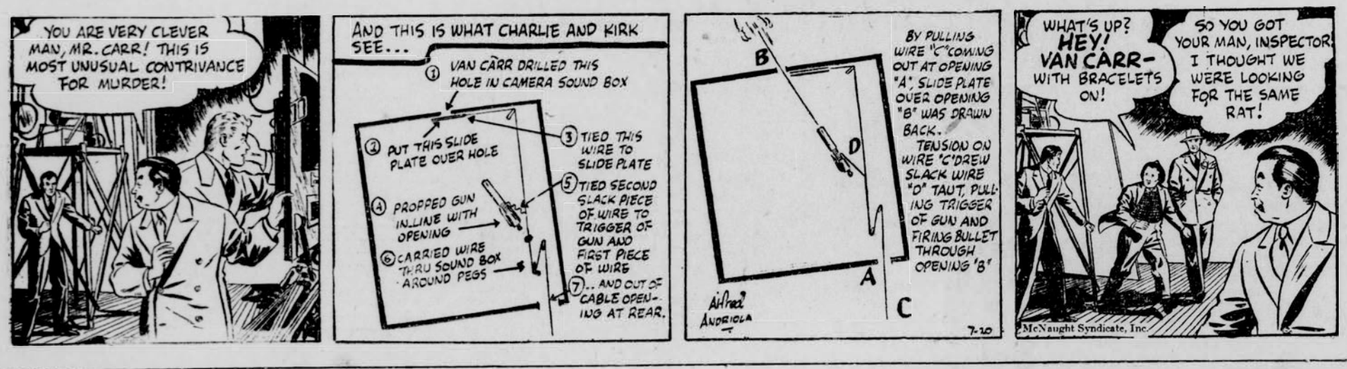
Yesterday Father V. Elwin gave an informal talk to a number of guests who had been invited to hear this interesting man speak on a topic on which he can claim to speak with authority. Father Elwin has carved out a name for himself by his work. His years of silent, conscientious labour for a tribe of men who have been denied the fundamental rights of man will be a great contribution to the uplift of these aborigines. He has taken as his wife an aborigine who has accompanied him on this trip to Bombay. I understand Father Elwin took her with him to see many of the sights of civilisation. Cinemas were not omitted and I am told that what amused her most was the picture entitled "Too Many Husbands." That is the comment of a simple girl on a modern theme which cannot be passed unnoticed.

In Bombay is Dr. Subbaroyan, President of the Cricket Control Board. The doctor's work for Indian cricket and the influence he has wielded in bringing harmony into Indian Cricket is something we are grateful for. We hope his presence here will assure us of a brilliant coming season.

Exploits Of Charlie Chan

Hollywood Murder

By Alfred Andriola


YOU ARE VERY CLEVER MAN, MR. CARR! THIS IS MOST UNUSUAL CONTRIVANCE FOR MURDER!
AND THIS IS WHAT CHARLIE AND KIRK SEE...
1 VAN CARR DRILLED THIS HOLE IN CAMERA SOUND BOX
2 PUT THIS SLIDE PLATE OVER HOLE
3 TIED THIS WIRE TO SLIDE PLATE
4 PROPPED GUN IN-LINE WITH OPENING
5 TIED SECOND SLACK PIECE OF WIRE TO TRIGGER OF GUN AND FIRST PIECE OF WIRE
6 CARRIED WIRE THRU SOUND BOX AROUND PEGS
7 .. AND OUT OF CABLE OPENING AT REAR.
B
D
A
C
BY PULLING WIRE "C" COMING OUT AT OPENING "A", SLIDE PLATE OVER OPENING "B" WAS DRAWN BACK.. TENSION ON WIRE "C" DREW SLACK WIRE "D" TAUT, PULLING TRIGGER OF GUN AND FIRING BULLET THROUGH OPENING "B"
Alfred Andriola
7-20
WHAT'S UP? HEY! VAN CARR- WITH BRACELETS ON!
SO YOU GOT YOUR MAN, INSPECTOR. I THOUGHT WE WERE LOOKING FOR THE SAME RAT!
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